#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Members of Sona BLW Precision Forgings Limited

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

#### **OPINION**

- We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Sona BLW Precision Forgings Limited ('the Holding Company') and its subsidiaries (the Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as 'the Group'), as listed in Annexure 1, which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information and other explanatory information.
- 2 In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors on separate financial statements and on the other financial information of the subsidiaries the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group, as at 31st March 2025, and their consolidated profit (including other comprehensive income), consolidated

cash flows and the consolidated changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

#### **BASIS FOR OPINION**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the 3. Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group, in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained together with the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their reports referred to in paragraph 15 of the Other Matter section below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS**

4. Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment and based on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors on separate financial statements of the subsidiaries, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

5. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Key audit matters	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
Impairment of goodwill and brands having indefinite useful life (together 'intangibles')	
As detailed in Note 46 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company carries goodwill amounting to INR 3,518.31 million and brands amounting to INR 687.40 million in its consolidated balance sheet as at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025.	
Goodwill was recorded on the acquisition of Comstar Automotive Technologies Private Limited, Comstar Automotive Hong Kong Limited, Comstar Automotive USA LLC and Comstar Automotive Technologies Services Private Limited which are involved in design, manufacturing and selling of starter motors and motor and vehicle accessories and Goodwill recorded on the acquisition of Novelic d.o.o. Beograd which is involved in the business of development of automobile products based on radar and sensor technology. The Goodwill so recorded has been allocated to respective Cash Generating Units ('CGUs') by the management.	<ul> <li>c) Obtained the impairment analysis carried out by the management and tested its mathematical accuracy. Understood and evaluated the basis of identification of CGUs to which goodwill is allocated for impairment assessment;</li> <li>d) Traced the cash flows considered in future projections to approved business plans and compared past projections</li> </ul>

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Key audit matters	How our audit addressed the key audit matter

The brands were recognised pursuant to Company acquiring SONA e) Intellectual property rights and all intellectual property rights thereto from SONA Management Services Limited.

In terms with Ind AS 36, Impairment of Assets, Goodwill and indefinite lived assets are tested for impairment annually by the management f) at the CGU level, whereby the carrying amount of the CGU (including goodwill) is compared with the recoverable amount of the CGU.

Impairment assessment requires significant estimations and judgement with respect to inputs used and assumptions made to prepare the forecasted financial information, used to determine the g) recoverable amount, using discounted cash flow model ('Model').

Key assumptions used in management's assessment of the carrying amount of goodwill and indefinite life intangible assets includes the h) expected growth rates, estimates of future financial performance, market conditions and discount rates, amongst others.

The management has concluded that the recoverable amount of the CGU is higher than its carrying amount and accordingly, no impairment provision has been recorded as at 31 March 2025.

Considering the materiality of the amount involved and significant degree of judgement and subjectivity involved in the estimates and assumptions used in determining the cash flows used in the impairment evaluation, we have determined impairment of such intangibles as a key audit matter for the current year audit.

#### INFORMATION OTHER THAN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDITOR'S REPORT THEREON

6. The Holding Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Annual Report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information

# Evaluated the inputs and assumptions used by the management in future projections with respect to revenue

- and cost growth trends for reasonableness thereof, basis our understanding of the business and market trends;
  Engaged auditor's valuation experts to assess appropriateness of the valuation methodology applied
- appropriateness of the valuation methodology applied and the reasonableness of the assumptions used including discount rate and long-term growth rates, basis comparison to economic and industry forecasts where appropriate;
- Performed sensitivity analysis on these key assumptions to assess the degree of estimation uncertainty involved in the estimates and
- Assessed the adequacy and appropriateness of the disclosures made by the management in the standalone financial statements in accordance with the accounting standards.

is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read the Annual Report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance.

#### RESPONSIBILITIES OF MANAGEMENT AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

7. The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been approved by the Holding Company's Board of Directors. The Holding Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation and presentation of these consolidated financial statements that give a

true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance including other comprehensive income, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group in accordance with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. The Holding Company's Board of Directors are also responsible for ensuring accuracy of records including financial information considered necessary for the preparation of consolidated Ind AS financial statements. Further, in terms of the provisions of the Act the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group, and covered under the Act are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. These financial statements have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

- 8. In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.
- Those respective Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the companies included in the Group.

#### AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

10. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

- As part of an audit in accordance with Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:
  - Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
  - Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Holding Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.;
  - Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management;
  - Conclude on the appropriateness of Board of Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern;
  - Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements,

including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation; and

- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group, to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of financial statements of such entities included in the consolidated financial statements, of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities included in the consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by the other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.
- 12. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- 13. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.
- 14. From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### **OTHER MATTER**

15. We did not audit the financial statements of 9 subsidiaries, whose financial statements reflects total assets of INR 3,682.54 million as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025, total revenues of INR 2,011.83 million and net cash outflows amounting to INR 327.98 million for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements. These financial statements have been audited by other auditors whose reports have

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been furnished to us by the management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries, and our report in terms of sub-section (3) of Section 143 of the Act in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiaries, are based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

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Further, all of these subsidiaries are located outside India whose financial statements and other financial information have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in their respective countries and which have been audited by other auditors under generally accepted auditing standards applicable in their respective countries. The Holding Company's management has converted the financial statements of such subsidiaries located outside India from accounting principles generally accepted in their respective countries to accounting principles generally accepted in India. We have audited these conversion adjustments made by the Holding Company's management. Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of such subsidiaries located outside India, is based on the report of other auditors and the conversion adjustments prepared by the management of the Holding Company and audited by us.

Our opinion above on the consolidated financial statements, and our report on other legal and regulatory requirements below, are not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done by and the reports of the other auditors.

# REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

- 16. As required by Section 197(16) of the Act, based on our audit we report that the Holding Company, incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have paid and provided for remuneration to their respective directors during the year in accordance with the provisions of and limits laid down under Section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act. Further, we report that two subsidiaries incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have not paid or provided for any managerial remuneration during the year. Accordingly, reporting under Section 197(16) of the Act is not applicable in respect of such subsidiaries.
- As required by clause (xxi) of paragraph 3 of Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ('the Order') issued by the Central Government of India in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act based on the consideration of the Order reports issued till date by us of companies

included in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025 and covered under the Act we report that following are the adverse remarks reported by us in the Order reports of the companies included in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025 for which such Order reports have been issued till date:

S No	Name	CIN	Holding Company/ Subsidiary/ Associate/ Joint Venture	Clause number of the CARO report which is qualified or adverse
1	Sona Comstar Edrive Private Limited	U34100HR2020PTC090921	Subsidiary	Clause (xvi) and Clause (xvii)

- 18. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
  - We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements;
  - b) Except for the matters stated in paragraph 18(h) (vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
  - c) The consolidated financial statements dealt with by this report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements;
  - In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015;
  - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company, and its subsidiaries and taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries, covered under the Act, none of the directors of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries, are disqualified as on 31<sup>st</sup> March

2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.

- f) The modification relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith with respect to the consolidated financial statements are as stated in paragraph 18(b) above on reporting under Section 143(3)(b) of the Act and paragraph 18(h)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended);
- g) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Holding Company, and its subsidiaries covered under the Act, and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in 'Annexure II' wherein we have expressed an unmodified opinion; and
- With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - The consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations on the consolidated financial position of the Group as detailed in Note 40 to the consolidated financial statements;
  - ii. The Holding Company and its subsidiaries did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there

were any material foreseeable losses as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025;

- There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company and its subsidiaries covered under the Act, during the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025;
- iv. a) The respective managements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, as disclosed in note 51 to the consolidated financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or securities premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Holding Company or its subsidiaries to or in any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ('the intermediaries'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Holding Company, or any such subsidiaries ('the Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
  - b) The respective managements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the note 51 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements, no funds have been received by the Holding Company or its subsidiaries from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities

('the Funding Parties'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Holding Company, or any such subsidiaries shall, whether directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ('Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and

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- c. Based on such audit procedures performed by us as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the management representations under sub-clauses (a) and (b) above contain any material misstatement.
- The interim dividend declared and paid by V. the Holding Company during the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025 and until the date of this audit report is in compliance with Section 123 of the Act. The final dividend paid by the Holding Company during the year ended 31st March 2025 in respect of such dividend declared for the previous year is in accordance with Section 123 of the Act to the extent it applies to payment of dividend. As stated in note 35 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements, the Board of Directors of the Holding Company have proposed final dividend for the year ended 31st March 2025 which is subject to the approval of the members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The dividend declared is in accordance with Section 123 of the Act to the extent it applies to declaration of dividend.
- vi. Based on our examination which included test checks, performed by us on the Holding Company and its subsidiaries incorporated in India and audited under the Act, the Holding

Company, and its subsidiaries in respect of financial year commencing on 1st April 2024, have used accounting software for maintaining their books of account which have a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same have been operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software except that, audit trail feature was not enabled at database level for accounting software to log any direct data changes. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with in respect of the accounting software where such feature is enabled. Furthermore, the audit trail has been preserved by the Holding Company and its subsidiaires as per the statutory requirements for record retention.

#### For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

#### Arun Tandon

Partner Membership No.: 517273 UDIN: 25517273BMICZU8661

Place: New Delhi Date: 30<sup>th</sup> April 2025

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## **Annexure I**

List of entities included in the Statement

Sr. No.	Name of the holding Company
1	Sona BLW Precisions Forgings Limited
Sr. No.	Name of subsidiaries
1.	Comstar Automotive Technologies Services Private Limited
2.	Comstar Automotive USA LLC
3.	Comstar Automotive Hongkong Limited
4.	Comestel Automotive Technologies Mexicana Ltd.
5.	Comstar Automotive (Hangzhou) Co., Ltd.
6.	Comenergia Automotive Technologies Mexicana, S. DE R.L. DE C.V
7.	Comestel Automotive Technologies Mexicana, S. DE R.L. DE C.V
8.	Comstar Hong Kong Mexico No. 1, LLC
9.	Sona Comstar eDrive Private Limited
10.	Sona BLW eDrive Mexicana, S.A.P.I. DE C.V.
11.	Novelic d.o.o. Beograd*
12.	Novelic SRL*
13.	Novelic ESC DOOEL SKOPJE*
14.	Nirsen D.O.O*
15.	Novelic GMBH **

\* Acquired as on 6<sup>th</sup> September 2023.

\*\* incorporated as on 20<sup>th</sup> June 2024.

#### **Annexure II**

Independent Auditor's Report on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements under Clause (i) of sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act')

 In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of Sona BLW Precision Forgings Limited ('the Holding Company') and its subsidiaries (the Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as 'the Group'), as at and for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Holding Company, and its subsidiary companies, which are companies covered under the Act, as at that date.

#### RESPONSIBILITIES OF MANAGEMENT AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS

The respective Board of Directors of the Holding 2. Company, and its subsidiary companies, which are companies covered under the Act, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting ('the Guidance Note') issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of the Company's business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

#### AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE AUDIT OF THE INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS WITH REFERENCE TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies, as aforesaid, based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing issued by the ICAI prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, and the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain

reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

- 4. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements includes obtaining an understanding of such internal financial controls, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.
- 5. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Holding Company, and its subsidiary companies as aforesaid.

#### MEANING OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS WITH REFERENCE TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

6. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements include those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

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#### INHERENT LIMITATIONS OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS WITH REFERENCE TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

7. Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

#### **OPINION**

 In our opinion, the Holding Company, and its subsidiary companies, which are companies covered under the Act, have in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and such controls were operating effectively as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025, based on internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI.

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#### For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

#### Arun Tandon

Partner Membership No.: 517273 UDIN: 25517273BMICZU8661

Place: New Delhi Date: 30 April 2025

## **Consolidated Balance Sheet**

as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025

	Note No.	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	4	11,317.76	9,117.30
Right-of-use assets	4	2,413.10	2,397.87
Capital work-in-progress	4	1,084.61	946.01
Goodwill	5	3,518.31	3,518.31
Other intangible assets	5	4,023.21	4,471.91
Intangible assets under development	5	3,110.04	2,690.48
Financial assets			
(i) Investments	6	456.94	100.37
(ii) Other financial assets	7	539.53	110.23
Income tax assets (net)	8	59.42	271.61
Other non-current assets	9	727.28	953.29
Total non-current assets		27,250.20	24,577.38
Current assets			
Inventories	10	3,486.87	3,474.91
Financial assets			
(i) Investments	6	8,184.52	316.40
(ii) Trade receivables	11	7,051.93	6,482.63
(iii) Cash and cash equivalents	12	10,475.11	910.05
(iv) Bank balances other than (iii) above	13	2,540.87	1,831.59
(v) Other financial assets	7	5,096.69	25.53
Other current assets	9	1,284.60	1,030.64
Total current assets		38,120.59	14,071.75
Total assets		65,370.79	38,649.13
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Equity share capital	14(A)	6,217.18	5,864.48
Other equity	15 (A)	48,730.52	20,638.80
Non-controlling interest	15 (B)	1,499.48	1,497.77
Total equity		56,447.18	28,001.05
LIABILITIES			
Non-current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	16 (i)	79.70	292.05
(ii) Lease liabilities	43	1,783.52	1,691.73
(iii) Other financial liabilities	17	2.24	508.71
Provisions	18	316.38	252.60
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	19	1,251.52	1,261.19
Total non-current liabilities		3,433.36	4,006.28
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	16 (ii)	54.92	2,038.54
(ii) Lease liabilities	43	104.22	99.01
(iii) Trade payables	20		
<ul> <li>Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises</li> </ul>		453.28	519.88
<ul> <li>Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises</li> </ul>		2,785.19	2,461.17
(iv) Other financial liabilities	17	1,566.87	1,046.03
Other current liabilities	21	363.04	308.63
Provisions	18	97.60	77.01
Current tax liabilities (net)	22	65.13	91.53
Total current liabilities		5,490.25	6,641.80
Total liabilities		8,923.61	10,648.08
Total equity and liabilities		65,370.79	38,649.13
The summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information form an integral part of these Consolidated financial statements.	1 to 54		

(Figures in Million INR, except per share data, unless stated otherwise)

This is the Consolidated balance sheet referred to in our report of even date.

For **Walker Chandiok & Co LLP** Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

**Arun Tandon** Partner Membership No.: 517273 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Sona Blw Precision Forgings Limited

Sunjay Kapur Non-Executive Chairman DIN: 00145529

**Rohit Nanda** Group Chief Financial Officer Vivek Vikram Singh Managing Director and Group Chief Executive Officer DIN: 07698495

**Ajay Pratap Singh** Company Secretary Membership No.: FCS 5253

Place: Gurugram Date: 30<sup>th</sup> April 2025

Place: New Delhi

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# **Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss**

for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025

	Note No.	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Income			
Revenue from operations	23	35,460.21	31,847.70
Foreign exchange gain (net)		85.14	0.12
Other income	24	1,269.16	239.48
Total income		36,814.51	32,087.30
Expenses			
Cost of materials consumed	25 (b)	15,240.00	14,058.29
Changes in inventories of finished goods and work-in-progress	25 (b)	206.99	(316.94)
Employee benefits expense	26	3,150.25	2,501.34
Finance costs	27	301.73	257.98
Depreciation and amortisation expense	28	2,543.95	2,202.25
Other expenses	29	7,195.39	6,584.16
Total expenses		28,638.31	25,287.08
Profit before exceptional items and tax		8,176.20	6,800.22
Exceptional item	30	192.85	87.16
Profit before tax		7,983.35	6,713.06
Tax expense	31		
- Current tax		1,982.55	1,566.51
- Tax related to previous years		(7.06)	(27.91)
- Deferred tax (credit)		10.98	(3.30)
Total tax expense		1,986.47	1,535.30
Profit for the year		5,996.88	5,177.76
Other comprehensive income			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Remeasurements (losses)/gains on defined benefit plans		(11.23)	(23.37)
Income tax relating to above mentioned item		2.83	5.89
Exchange difference on translation of foreign subsidiaries		36.54	36.61
Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss			
Effective portion of gain on designated portion of hedging instruments in a cash flow hedge (refer note 48)		19.29	11.75
Income tax relating to above mentioned item		(4.85)	(2.96)
Other comprehensive income for the year		42.58	27.92
Total comprehensive income for the year		6,039.46	5,205.67
Profit attributable to:			
a) Owners of the parent		6,012.13	5,172.67
b) Non-controlling interests		(15.25)	5.09
Other comprehensive income attributable to:			
a) Owners of the parent		25.62	22.70
b) Non-controlling interests		16.96	5.22
Total comprehensive income attributable to:			
a) Owners of the parent		6,037.75	5,195.37
b) Non-controlling interests		1.71	10.31
Earnings per equity share of face value of INR 10 each			
Earnings per share (Basic) (in INR )	38	9.92	8.83
Earnings per share (Diluted) (in INR )	38	9.92	8.83
The summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information form	1 to 54		
an integral part of these Consolidated financial statements.			

This is the consolidated statement of profit and loss referred to in our report of even date.

For **Walker Chandiok & Co LLP** Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

**Arun Tandon** Partner Membership No.: 517273 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of **Sona Blw Precision Forgings Limited** 

Sunjay Kapur Non-Executive Chairman DIN: 00145529

Rohit Nanda Group Chief Financial Officer Vivek Vikram Singh Managing Director and Group Chief Executive Officer DIN: 07698495

Ajay Pratap Singh Company Secretary Membership No.: FCS 5253

Place: Gurugram Date: 30<sup>th</sup> April 2025

Place: New Delhi Date: 30<sup>th</sup> April 2025

# **Consolidated Cash Flow Statement**

for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025

(Figures in Million INR, except per share data, unless stated otherwise	(Figures ir	1 Million INR.	except per share data,	unless stated otherwise)
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	Particulars	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Α.	Cash flows from operating activities		
	Profit before income tax	7,983.35	6,713.05
	Adjustments for:		
	Depreciation and amortisation expense	2,543.96	2,202.25
	Loss on sale of property plant and equipment (net)	1.30	2.00
	(Reversal)/Allowance for doubtful receivables	-	(46.19
	Share-based payments	294.34	158.85
	Unwinding of discount on fair valuation of security deposits	(1.52)	(1.35
	Provision for slow moving inventory	21.82	6.24
	Fair value loss/(gain) on derivatives	25.63	(11.68
	Profit on sale of investments	(405.95)	-
	Provision for warranty	90.28	42.13
	Unwinding of discount on deferred payment liabilities	33.45	27.74
	Finance costs	257.85	251.72
	Interest income	(805.41)	(209.17
	Unrealised foreign exchange loss/(gain) (net)	8.20	(11.07
	Operating profit before working capital changes	10,047.30	9,124.52
	Changes in working capital		
	Movement in inventories	(26.13)	(214.29
	Movement in trade receivables	(549.28)	(387.79
	Movement in financial assets	(0.30)	(41.18
	Movement in other assets	(262.91)	(724.40
	Movement in trade payables	245.74	354.64
	Movement in financial liabilities	(13.62)	104.96
	Movement in provisions	(18.35)	170.29
	Movement in other liabilities	69.16	93.42
	Cash generated from operations	9,491.61	8,480.17
	Direct taxes paid	(1,739.70)	(1,552.66
	Net cash flow generated from operating activities - Total (A)	7,751.91	6,927.51
В.	Cash flows from investing activities		
	Payments for acquisition of property, plant and equipment, intangibles and capital work in progress including capital advances/payables (refer note 43)	(4,171.32)	(3,195.31
	Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	16.25	4.07
	Fixed deposits created during the year	(29,682.47)	(4,858.54
	Fixed deposits matured during the year	23,650.77	3,274.01
	(Purchase)/Sale of current investment (net)	(7,476.28)	1,966.94
	Purchase of Non-current investment (includes INR 264.17 million (previous year INR 2,147.32 million for acquisition of subsidiary, net of cash acquired))	(592.74)	(2,110.41
	Interest received	601.96	204.03
	Net cash (used) in investment activities - Total (B)	(17,653.83)	(4,715.21)

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# **Consolidated Cash Flow Statement**

for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025

(Figures in Million INR, except per share data, unless stated otherwise)

	Particulars	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
C.	Cash flows from financing activities		
	(Repayment)/Proceeds from short-term borrowings (net)	(1,712.30)	195.15
	Repayment of long-term borrowings	(3,442.99)	(100.76)
	Proceeds from long-term borrowings	2,956.25	-
	Repayment of deferred payment liabilities	(33.45)	(27.74)
	Repayment of principal amount of lease liabilities	(114.33)	(61.03)
	Interest paid on lease liabilities	(160.36)	(87.24)
	Dividend paid	(1,892.03)	(1,792.94)
	Proceeds from issue of equity shares [including securities premium (net)]	23,931.53	40.00
	Increase in investment by minority shareholders	-	260.02
	Interest paid	(95.91)	(172.92)
	Net cash flow from/(used) in financing activities - Total (C)	19,436.41	(1,747.46)
D.	Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (A)+(B)+(C)	9,534.49	464.84
E.	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	910.05	441.08
F.	Effect of exchange differences on cash and cash equivalents	30.57	4.14
G.	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period (D)+(E)+(F)	10,475.11	910.05
	Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents as per the cash flow statement (refer note 12)		
	Cash and cash equivalents as per above comprise of the following		
	Balances in current accounts	615.12	555.94
	Cash on hand	0.06	0.10
	Cheque on hand	-	2.29
	Bank deposits with original maturity of less than three months	9,859.93	351.72
	Balances per statement of cash flows	10,475.11	910.05

Note: The above statement of Cash Flow has been prepared under the 'Indirect Method' as set out in Ind AS 7, 'Statement of Cash Flows'. The summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information form 1 to 54 an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

This is the consolidated statement of cash flows referred to in our report of even date.

For **Walker Chandiok & Co LLP** Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Arun Tandon Partner Membership No.: 517273 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of **Sona Blw Precision Forgings Limited** 

Sunjay Kapur Non-Executive Chairman DIN: 00145529

Rohit Nanda Group Chief Financial Officer Vivek Vikram Singh Managing Director and Group Chief Executive Officer DIN: 07698495

**Ajay Pratap Singh** Company Secretary Membership No.: FCS 5253

Place: Gurugram Date: 30<sup>th</sup> April 2025

Place: New Delhi Date: 30<sup>th</sup> April 2025

for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025

# A. EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL

(Figures in Million INR, except per share data, unless stated otherwise)

	Amount
Balance as at 1 <sup>st</sup> April 2023	5,854.05
Equity share issued during the year (refer note 14)	10.43
Balance as at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024	5,864.48
Equity share issued during the year (refer note 14)	352.70
Balance as at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	6,217.18

# **B. OTHER EQUITY**

		Ľ	Reserve and Su	Surplus		Equity	Cash	Foreign		Total	N	
	General reserve	Securities premium	Capital redemption reserve	Employee's stock options reserve	Retained earnings	Instruments through other comprehensive income	Hedge Reserve	currency translation reserve	Merger Reserve	Attributable to the equity share holders of the parent	Non- controlling interest	Total
Balance as at 1st April 2023	120.00	5,601.48	25.93	46.03	10,713.87	(368.33)	12.78	158.97	737.23	17,047.95		17,047.95
Effect of business combination (Refer note 49)	'							I	   		1,487.46	1,487.46
Net profit for the year	'	'	'		5,172.68		'	1	     	5,172.68	5.09	5,177.76
Effective portion of gain on designated portion of hedging instruments in a cash flow hedge (net of tax) (refer note 48)							8.79			8.79	   1	8.79
Remeasurement of defined benefit obligations (net of tax)					(17.48)					(17.48)		(17.48)
Dividend paid	'	'			(1,792.94)		'	   1	   1 	(1,792.94)	1	(1,792.94)
Employee stock option reserve created during the year		1	1	158.86		1		1		158.86		158.86
Impact on exercise of ESOPs grants (Refer Note 45)	'	49.78		(49.78)				1	1		1	I
Premium on ESOPs Issue	'	29.55		1			'	1	   1	29.55	   1	29.55
Foreign currency translation during the year	'		1	I	1	1	1	31.39	1	31.39	5.22	36.61
Balance as at 31st March 2024	120.00	5,680.81	25.93	155.11	14,076.12	(368.33)	21.57	190.36	737.23	20,638.80	1,497.77	22,136.57
Balance as at 1 <sup>st</sup> April 2024	120.00	5,680.81	25.93	155.11	14,076.12	(368.33)	21.57	190.36	737.23	20,638.80	1,497.77	22,136.57

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for the year ended  $31^{\mbox{\scriptsize st}}$  March 2025

								(Figures	in Million INR,	(Figures in Million INR, except per share data, unless stated otherwise)	data, unless st	ated otherwise)
			Reserve and Surplus	urplus		Equity	Cash	Foreign		Total		
	General reserve	Securities premium	Capital redemption reserve	Employee's stock options reserve	Retained earnings	instruments through other comprehensive income	Hedge Reserve	currency translation reserve	Merger Reserve	Attributable to the equity share holders of the parent	controlling interest	Total
Net profit for the year	1	1			6,012.13		r	1	I	6,012.13	(15.25)	5,996.88
Effective portion of gain on designated portion of hedging instruments in a cash flow hedge (net of tax) (refer note 48)		'					14.44			14.44		14.44
Remeasurement of defined benefit obligations (net of tax)	1	I	1		(8.40)			1		(8.40)	1	(8.40)
Dividend paid (refer note 35)	'	'		•	(1,893.39)	1		1		(1,893.39)		(1,893.39)
Premium on fresh issue of equity shares	1	23,652.17	1	•				1		23,652.17		23,652.17
Premium used for expenses related to fund raising	'	(230.42)					'	   '	'	(230.42)	' 	(230.42)
Employee stock option reserve created during the year	-	1		293.93			I			293.93	   	293.93
Impact on exercise of ESOPs grants (Refer note 45)	-	39.18		(39.18)		1		   1	   '			1
Premium on ESOPs Issue	'	231.66	'				'	   '	'	231.66	'	231.66
Foreign currency translation during the year	1		-					19.59	 	19.59	16.96	36.54
Balance as at 31st March 2025	120.00	29,373.41	25.93	409.86	18,186.46	(368.33)	36.01	209.95	737.23	48,730.52	1,499.48	50,230.00

This is the Consolidated statement of changes in equity referred to in our report of even date.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Arun Tandon Partner Membership No.: 517273

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Sona Blw Precision Forgings Limited

**Sunjay Kapur** Non-Executive Chairman DIN: 00145529 Rohit Nanda Group Chief Financial Officer

Vivek Vikram Singh Managing Director and Group Chief Executive Officer DIN: 07698495

**Ajay Pratap Singh** Company Secretary Membership No.: FCS 5253

Place: Gurugram Date: 30<sup>th</sup> April 2025

Place: New Delhi Date: 30<sup>th</sup> April 2025

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025

#### **1. GROUP OVERVIEW**

Sona BLW Precision Forgings Limited (the "Parent Company" or the "Company"), a public limited company was incorporated on 27<sup>th</sup> October 1995 and began commercial production in November 1998. Sona BLW and its subsidiaries (together referred to as "the Group") are engaged in the manufacturing of precision forged bevel gears, differential case assemblies, conventional and micro-hybrid starter motors, EV traction motors etc., for automotive and other applications

#### 2. GROUP COMPANIES

Consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of Sona BLW Precision Forgings Limited and its subsidiaries (hereinafter referred together referred to as 'Group') which are listed below:

Name of Subsidiary	Country of incorporation	Nature of operations	Proportion of ownership (%) as at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	Proportion of ownership (%) as at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Comstar Automotive USA LLC	USA	Auto ancillary business	100%	100%
Comestel Automotive Technologies Mexicana Ltd.	Hong Kong	Auto ancillary business	100%	100%
Comstar Automotive (Hangzhou) Co., Ltd.	China	Auto ancillary business	100%	100%
Comenergia Automotive Technologies Mexicana, S. DE R.L. DE C.V	Mexico	Auto ancillary business	100%	100%
Comestel Automotive Technologies Mexicana, S. DE R.L. DE C.V	Mexico	Auto ancillary business	100%	100%
Sona Comstar eDrive Private Limited	India	Auto ancillary business	100%	100%
Sona BLW Edrive Mexicana, S.A.P.I DE C.V. (w.e.f. from 22 <sup>nd</sup> September 2023)	Mexico	Auto ancillary business	100%	100%
Comstar Automotive Technologies Services Private Limited	India	Administrative services to fellow subsidiaries	100%	100%
Comstar Hong Kong Mexico No. 1, LLC	USA	Dormant	100%	100%
Comstar Automotive Hong Kong Ltd	Hong Kong	Investment company	100%	100%
NOVELIC d.o.o. Beograd (w.e.f. from 6 <sup>th</sup> September 2023)	Serbia	ER&D Services	54%	54%
NOVELIC SRL (w.e.f. from 6 <sup>th</sup> September 2023)	Romania	ER&D Services	*	*
NOVELIC ESC DOOEL SKOPJE (w.e.f. from 6 <sup>th</sup> September 2023)	North Macedonia	ER&D Services	*	*
NIRSEN D.O.O (w.e.f. from 6 <sup>th</sup> September 2023)	Serbia	ER&D Services	*	*
NOVELIC GMBH (w.e.f. from 20 <sup>th</sup> June 2024)	Germany	ER&D Services	*	Nil

\*subsidiary of NOVELIC d.o.o. Beograd.

# 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

This note provides a list of the material accounting policy information adopted in the preparation of this consolidated financial statements. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### a) Basis of preparation

The Consolidated Financial Statements comprise of the Consolidated Balance Sheet, Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement, the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Material Accounting Policy and other explanatory information for the year then ended (hereinafter referred to as "Consolidated Financial Statements"). The Consolidated Financial Statements has been prepared on accrual basis in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") (as amended from time to time) and guidelines issued by Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) to the extent applicable. All significant intercompany transactions and balances between Group entities are eliminated on consolidation. The Company's equity shares are listed on Bombay Stock Exchange Limited (BSE) and National Stock Exchange of India (NSE).

These CFS have been prepared using the material accounting policy information and measurement

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#### **Notes**

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

basis summarised below. These accounting policies have been used consistently throughout all periods presented in these consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the following:

- certain financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value; and
- defined benefit plans plan assets measured at fair value.

#### b) Business combinations

The Group applies the acquisition method in accounting for business combinations. The cost of acquisition is the aggregate of the consideration transferred measured at fair value at the acquisition date. Acquisition costs are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they are incurred.

At the acquisition date, identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are measured at fair value. Goodwill is measured as excess of the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration transferred over the fair value of the net of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If the fair value of the net of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed is in excess of the aggregate mentioned above, the resulting gain on bargain purchase is recognised.

Goodwill represents the future economic benefits arising from a business combination that are not individually identified and separately recognised. Goodwill is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

#### c) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements includes the financial statements of the Company, its subsidiaries and the entities controlled by the Group as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025. Control is achieved when the Group:

- has power over the investee;
- has the ability to use its power to affect its return; and.
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit and loss from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Group's accounting policies.

The Group combines the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries line by line adding together like items of assets, liabilities, equity, income and expenses.

#### d) Property, plant and equipment and capital work-inprogress

Freehold land is carried at cost. All other items of property, plant and equipment and capital work-inprogress are stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. The present value of the expected cost for the decommissioning of an asset after its use is included in the cost of the respective asset if the recognition criteria for a provision are met.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amountorrecognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is de-recognised when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is the cash price equivalent at the recognition date. If payment is deferred beyond normal credit terms, the property, plant and equipment is capitalised at discounted value. The difference between the discounted value and the total payment is recognised as interest over the period of credit.

# Depreciation methods, estimated useful lives and residual value

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is provided on the straight-line method, computed on the basis of useful lives (as set out below) as prescribed in Schedule II of the Act: -

Asset category	Useful life (in years)
Buildings	3 to 30
Plant and equipment	1 to 25
Furniture and fixtures	3-10
Computers and IT equipment	3
Vehicles	4 to 8
Office equipment	1-5
Leasehold improvements	Over the effective term of lease

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025

In case of subsidiaries, the following useful lives have been used by the Group:

Useful life (in years)
10 to 50 years
15 to 25 years
8 to 25 years
3 to 10 years

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

Where, during any financial year, any addition has been made to any asset, or where any asset has been sold, discarded, demolished or destroyed, or significant components replaced; depreciation on such assets is calculated on a pro rata basis as individual assets with specific useful life from the month of such addition or, as the case may be, up to the month on which such asset has been sold, discarded, demolished or destroyed or replaced.

#### De-recognition

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on de-recognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the income statement when the asset is derecognised.

#### e) Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Cost comprises the purchase price and any attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use.

Expenditure on the research phase of projects is recognised as an expense as incurred.

Costs that are directly attributable to a project's development phase are recognised as intangible assets, provided the Group can demonstrate the following:

- the technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use.
- its intention to complete the intangible asset and use or sell it.
- its ability to use or sell the intangible asset.

- how the intangible asset will generate probable future economic benefits.
- the availability of adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the intangible asset.
- its ability to measure reliably the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during its development.

Development costs not meeting these criteria for capitalisation are expensed as incurred.

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates.

#### Amortisation methods and periods.

The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life is reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset is accounted for by changing the amortisation period or method, as appropriate and are treated as changes in accounting estimates. The amortisation expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Asset category	Useful life (in years)
Computer software	1 to 6
Technical knowhow	6
Brand	Indefinite
Customer Relationship	15
Goodwill	Indefinite
Technology development expenditure	5

The remaining amortisation period for material individual intangible assets is 0-14 years.

The amortisation expense on intangible assets with finite life is recognised in the statement of profit and loss under the head Depreciation and amortisation expense.

#### Derecognition:

An intangible asset is derecognised upon disposal (i.e., at the date the recipient obtains control) or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal.

In case of subsidiaries, the following useful lives have been used by the Group:

Intangible assets with finite useful lives are capitalised at cost and amortised on a straight-line basis generally over a period of 3 to 15 years, depending on their estimated useful lives. Useful lives are examined on an annual basis and adjusted when applicable on a prospective basis.

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Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

#### Intangible assets - Customer relationships

Customer relationships acquired in a business combination are recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Customer relationships have a finite useful life and are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation. Amortisation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate the cost of customer relationships over their estimated useful lives of 15 years.

#### f) Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured based on the consideration specified in a contract with a customer and excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties. The Group recognises revenue when it transfers control over a product or service to a customer.

#### Revenue from sale of goods

Revenue from sale of goods is recognised when the control of goods is transferred to the buyer as per the terms of the contract, in an amount that reflects the consideration the Group expects to be entitled to in exchange for those goods. Control of goods refers to the ability to direct the use of and obtain substantially all of the remaining benefits from goods.

Revenue towards satisfaction of a performance obligation is measured at the amount of transaction price. The transaction price of goods sold is net of variable consideration on account of discounts. Revenue is disclosed exclusive of goods and services tax.

#### Other incomes

Interest income is recognised on time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and rate applicable. For all financial assets measured at amortised cost, interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR) i.e. the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the net carrying amount of the financial assets. The future cash flows include all other transaction costs paid or received, premiums or discounts if any, etc.

Dividend is recognised as and when the right of the Group to receive payment is established.

Export benefit entitlements/any other incentive under various schemes notified by the government are recognised in the statement of profit and loss when the right to receive credit as per terms of the scheme is established in respect of the exports made/conditions met and no significant uncertainties exist as to the amount of consideration and its ultimate collection.

#### Revenue from contract with customers

To determine whether to recognise revenue from contracts with customers, the Company follows a 5-step process:

- 1 Identifying the contract with customer
- 2 Identifying the performance obligations
- 3 Determining the transaction price
- 4 Allocating the transaction price to the performance obligations
- 5 Recognising revenue when/as performance obligation(s) are satisfied.

Revenue from contracts with customers for products sold and service provided is recognised when control of promised products or services are transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Revenue is measured based on the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in a contract with a customer and excludes Goods and services taxes and is net of rebates and discounts. No element of financing is deemed present as the sales are made with a credit term of 30-90 days, which is consistent with market practice. A receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

These activity-specific revenue recognition criteria are based on the goods or services provided to the customer and the contract conditions in each case, and are as described below.

#### Consideration for revenue contracts

This includes amounts paid, or expected to be paid, by the Company to the customer. The amount, if not for a payment for a distinct goods or service from the customer, is accounted for as a reduction of the transaction price. The Company recognises the reduction of revenue when (or as) the later of either of the following events occurs: (a) the Company recognises revenue for the transfer of the related goods or services to the customer; and (b) the entity pays or promises to pay the consideration (even if the payment is conditional on a future event).

#### g) Income taxes

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period in the country where the Group operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of Goodwill. Deferred income tax is also not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit (tax loss). Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the Group has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

#### h) Leases

The Group lease asset classes primarily consist of leases for land, buildings and plant and machinery. The Group assesses whether a contract contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Group assesses whether: (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (ii) the Group has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii) the Group has the right to direct the use of the asset.

At the date of commencement of the lease, the Group recognises a right-of-use asset ("ROU") and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (short-term leases) and low value leases. For these short-term and low value leases, the Group recognises the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Certain lease arrangements include the right to extend the lease. ROU assets and lease liabilities includes these options when it is reasonably certain that they will be exercised.

The right-of-use assets are initially recognised at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or prior to the commencement date of the lease plus any initial direct costs less any lease incentives. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated from the commencement date on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and useful life of the underlying asset.

The lease liability is initially measured at amortised cost at the present value of the future lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rates in the country of domicile of these leases. Lease liabilities are remeasured with a corresponding adjustment to the related right of use asset if the Group changes its assessment if whether it will exercise an extension or a termination option.

#### Financial instruments

i)

Financial instruments are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument and are measured initially at fair value adjusted for transaction costs, except for those carried at FVTPL which are measured initially at fair value. However, trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component are measured at transaction price.

If the Group determines that the fair value at initial recognition differs from the transaction price, the Group accounts for that instrument at that date as follows:

 at the measurement basis mentioned above if that fair value is evidenced by a quoted price in an active market for an identical asset or liability (i.e. a Level 1 input) or based on a valuation technique that uses only data from observable markets. The

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Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

Group recognises the difference between the fair value at initial recognition and the transaction price as a gain or loss.

b) in all other cases, at the measurement basis mentioned above, adjusted to defer the difference between the fair value at initial recognition and the transaction price. After initial recognition, the Group recognises that deferred difference as a gain or loss only to the extent that it arises from a change in a factor (including time) that market participants would take into account when pricing the asset or liability.

Subsequent measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities is described below:

#### **Financial assets**

#### Classification and subsequent measurement

For the purpose of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified into the following categories upon initial recognition:

#### Financial assets at amortised cost

A financial instrument is measured at amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

- The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### Financial assets at fair value

Investments in equity instruments (other than subsidiaries/associates) – All equity investments in scope of Ind AS 109 are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading are generally classified at FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Group decides to classify the same either at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) or FVTPL. The Group makes such election on an instrument by instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

If the Group decides to classify an equity instrument as at FVOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognised in the other comprehensive income (OCI). There is no recycling of the amounts from OCI to P&L, even on sale of investment. However, the Group may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. Dividends on such investments are recognised in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment.

Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

#### De-recognition of financial assets

A financial asset is primarily de-recognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired or the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset.

#### **Financial liabilities**

#### Subsequent measurement

After initial recognition, the financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated after considering any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The effect of EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

#### De-recognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is de-recognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

#### Derivative financial instruments

The Group enters into derivative financial instruments to manage its exposure to interest rate and foreign exchange rate risks, including foreign exchange forward contracts.

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value at the date the derivative contracts are entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in consolidated statement of profit and loss.

#### Hedge accounting

The Company designates certain hedging instruments mainly derivatives, in respect of foreign currency risk, as cash flow hedges to mitigate foreign currency exchange risk arising from certain highly probable sales transactions denominated in foreign currency.

At the inception of the hedge relationship, the entity documents the relationship between the hedging

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025

instrument and the hedged item, along with its risk management objectives and its strategy for undertaking various hedge transactions. Furthermore, at the inception of the hedge and on an ongoing basis, the Company documents whether the hedging instrument is highly effective in offsetting changes in cash flows of the hedged item attributable to the hedged risk.

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the heading of cash flow hedging reserve. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss, and is included in the 'Other income'/ 'Other expense' line item. Amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity relating to (effective portion as described above) are reclassified to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the periods when the hedged item affects the Statement of Profit and Loss, in the same line as the recognised hedged item. However, when the hedged forecast transaction results in the recognition of a non-financial asset or a non-financial liability, such gains and losses are transferred from equity (but not as a reclassification adjustment) and included in the initial measurement of the cost of the non -financial asset or non-financial liability.

Hedge accounting is discontinued when the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated, or exercised, or when it no longer qualifies for hedge accounting. Any gain or loss recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity at that time remains in equity and is recognised when the forecast transaction is ultimately recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. When a forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur, the gain or loss accumulated in equity is recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously

#### j) Impairment of financial assets

All financial assets except for those at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL) are subject to review for impairment at least at each reporting date to identify whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. Different criteria to determine impairment are applied for each category of financial assets. In accordance with Ind-AS 109, the Group applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss for financial assets carried at amortised cost. ECL is the weighted average of difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate, with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights. When estimating the cash flows, the Group is required to consider –

- All contractual terms of the financial assets (including prepayment and extension) over the expected life of the assets.
- Cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

#### Trade receivables

The Group applies approach required by Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments, which requires lifetime expected credit losses to be recognised upon initial recognition of receivables. Lifetime ECL are the expected credit losses resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. The Group uses the expected credit loss model to assess any required allowances and uses a provision matrix to compute the expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables. Life time expected credit losses are assessed and accounted based on Group historical collection experience for customers and forecast of macroeconomic factors.

#### Other financial assets

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Group determines whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses, else at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses. When making this assessment, the Group uses the change in the risk of a default occurring over the expected life of the financial asset. To make that assessment, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial asset as at the balance sheet date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial asset as at the date of initial recognition and considers reasonable and supportable information, that is available without undue cost or effort, that is indicative of significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition. The Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the financial asset is determined to have low credit risk at the balance sheet date.

#### Notes

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

#### k) Impairment of non-financial assets

Intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life (including Goodwill and Brands) are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired.

Other assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether there is any indication based on internal/external factors, that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units).

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account, if available. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. After impairment, depreciation is provided on the revised carrying amount of asset over its remaining useful life.

Non-financial assets that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

#### I) Fair value measurement

The Group measures certain financial instruments, such as, investments at fair value at each balance sheet date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

#### m) Inventories

Raw materials and stores, work-in-progress, traded and finished goods are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost of raw materials and traded goods comprises cost of purchases. Cost of work-in-progress and finished goods comprises direct materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overhead expenditure, the latter being allocated on the basis of normal operating capacity.

Cost of inventories also include all other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost are assigned to individual items of inventory on the basis of weighted average method. Costs of purchased inventory are determined after deducting rebates and discounts. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

#### n) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposit accounts, margin deposit money and highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts, if any, are shown within borrowings in current liabilities in the balance sheet. The statement of cashflow is prepared using indirect method.

#### o) Employee benefits

#### i) Short-term obligations

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including nonmonetary benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognised in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

ii) Post-employment benefits

Defined contribution plan: A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which the Group pays specified contributions to a separately entity. The Group has defined contribution plans for provident fund and employees' state insurance scheme. The Group's contribution in the above plans is recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss during the year in which the employee renders the related service.

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025

Defined benefit plans: The Group has defined benefit plan namely Gratuity for employees. The liability in respect of gratuity plans is calculated annually by independent actuary using the projected unit credit method. The Group recognises the following changes in the net defined benefit obligation under employee benefits expense in statement of profit or loss:

- Service costs comprising current service costs, past service costs, gains and losses on curtailment and non-routine settlements
- Net interest expense

Re-measurement gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the period in which they occur, directly in other comprehensive income. They are included in retained earnings in the statement of changes in equity and in the balance sheet. Remeasurements are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

iii) Other long-term employee benefits

Compensated absences are provided for based on actuarial valuation. The actuarial valuation is done as per projected unit credit method at the end of the year. Actuarial gains/losses are immediately recognised to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

iv) Termination benefits are recognised as an expense immediately.

#### p) Employee share-based payments

The Company has equity-settled share-based remuneration plans for its employees. None of the Company's plans are cash-settled. Where employees are rewarded using share-based payments, the fair value of employees' services is determined indirectly by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments granted. This fair value is appraised at the grant date. All share-based remuneration is ultimately recognised as an expense in profit or loss with a corresponding credit to equity. If vesting periods or other vesting conditions apply, the expense is allocated over the vesting period, based on the best available estimate of the number of share options expected to vest. Upon exercise of share options, the proceeds received, net of any directly attributable transaction costs, are allocated to share capital up to the nominal (or par) value of the shares issued with any excess being recorded as share premium.

#### q) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing:

the profit attributable to owners of the Group;

by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in equity shares issued during the year.

#### Dilute earnings per share

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

The number of equity shares and potentially dilutive equity shares are adjusted retrospectively for all periods presented for any share splits and bonus shares issues including for changes effected prior to the approval of the financial statements by the Board of Directors.

# r) Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

A provision is recognised if, as a result of a past event, the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. Provisions are measured at the present value of best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the balance sheet date.

The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense. Expected future operating losses are not provided for.

#### Contingencies

Contingent liability is disclosed for:

- Possible obligations which will be confirmed only by future events not wholly within the control of the Group; or
- Present obligations arising from past events where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made.

Contingent assets are not recognised. However, when inflow of economic benefits is probable, related asset is disclosed.

#### s) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed

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Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs. Eligible transaction/ ancillary costs incurred in connection with the arrangement of borrowings are adjusted with the proceeds of the borrowings.

#### t) Rounding of amounts

All amounts disclosed in the financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest millions as per the requirement of Schedule III, unless otherwise stated.

#### u) Current versus non-current classification

The Group presents assets and liabilities in the Balance Sheet based on the current/non-current classification.

An asset is treated as current when:

- It is expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle;
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- It is expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- It is cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

Current assets include the current portion of noncurrent financial assets. The Group classifies all other assets as non-current.

A liability is treated current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle;
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

Current liabilities include current portion of noncurrent financial liabilities. The Group classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The Group has identified twelve months as its operating cycle for the purpose of current/ non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

#### v) Foreign currency transactions

Items included in the financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment

in which the Group operates ('the functional currency'). The financial statements are presented in Indian rupee (INR), which is the Group's functional and presentation currency.

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at year end exchange rates are recognised in profit or loss.

Foreign exchange differences regarded as an adjustment to borrowing costs are presented in the statement of profit and loss, within finance costs. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of profit and loss on a net basis within other gains/ (losses). Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currency are reported at the exchange rate ruling on the date of transaction.

Exchange differences arising on monetary items on settlement, or restatement as at reporting date, at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded, are recognised in the statement of profit and loss in the year in which they arise.

# w) Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations

An entity shall classify a non-current asset (or disposal group) as held for sale if its carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the asset is available for immediate sale in its present condition subject only to terms that are usual and customary for sale of such asset and its sale is highly probable. Management must be committed to sale which should be expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification. Non-current assets classified as held for sale are presented separately and measured at the lower of their carrying amounts immediately prior to their classification as held for sale and their fair value less costs to sell. However, some held for sale assets such as financial assets, assets arising from employee benefits and deferred tax assets, continue to be measured in accordance with the Company's relevant accounting policy for those assets. Once classified as held for sale, the assets are not subject to depreciation or amortisation. A discontinued operation is a component of the Company that either has been disposed of, or is classified as held for sale. Profit or loss from discontinued operations comprise the posttax profit or loss of discontinued operations and the post-tax gain or loss resulting from the measurement and disposal of assets classified as held for sale. Any profit or loss arising from the sale or re-measurement of

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025

discontinued operations is presented as part of a single line item, profit or loss from discontinued operations.

#### 3. (B) APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED INDIAN ACCOUNTING STANDARD (IND AS)

For the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025, MCA has not notified any new standards applicable to the Company.

#### **Recent Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS)**

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs vide notification dated 31<sup>st</sup> March 2023 notified the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2023, which amended certain accounting standards (see below), and are effective 1<sup>st</sup> April 2024:

- 1. Amendments to Ind AS 116 Lease liability in a sale and leaseback
- 2. Introduction of Ind AS 117
- 3. The amendments to Ind AS 21 The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates specify how an entity should assess whether a currency is exchangeable and how it should determine a spot exchange rate when exchangeability is lacking. The amendments also require disclosure of information that enables users of its financial statements to understand how the currency not being exchangeable into the other currency affects, or is expected to affect, the entity's financial performance, financial position and cash flows.

The Company has reviewed the new pronouncements and based on its evaluation has determined that these amendments do not have a significant impact on the Group Consolidated Financial Statements.

#### 3. (C) SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amount of assets, liabilities, income, expenses and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of these financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses for the years presented. Actual results may differ from the estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed at each balance sheet date. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and future periods affected. In particular, information about significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements includes:

#### a) Provisions

At each balance sheet date basis the management judgment, changes in facts and legal aspects, the Group assesses the requirement of provisions against the outstanding contingent liabilities. However, the actual future outcome may be different from this judgement.

#### b) Contingencies

Contingent liabilities may arise from the ordinary course of business in relation to claims against the Group, including legal, contractual and other claims. By their nature, contingencies will be resolved only when one or more uncertain future events occur or fail to occur. The assessment of the existence, and potential quantum, of contingencies inherently involves the exercise of significant judgments and the use of estimates regarding the outcome of future events.

#### c) Recognition of deferred tax assets

The extent to which deferred tax assets can be recognised is based on an assessment of the probability that future taxable income will be available against which the deductible temporary differences. In addition, significant judgement is required in assessing the impact of any legal or economic limits or uncertainties in various tax jurisdictions.

#### d) Useful lives of tangible/intangible assets

The Group reviews its estimate of the useful lives of tangible/intangible assets at each reporting date, based on the expected utility of the assets.

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Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

#### e) Defined benefit obligation

The cost of the defined benefit plan and other post-employment benefits and the present value of such obligation are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discountrate, future salary increases, mortality rates and future pension increases. In view of the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

# f) Impairment of non-financial assets and goodwill

In assessing impairment, Group estimates the recoverable amount of each asset or cash-generating units based on expected future cash flows and uses an interest rate to discount them. Estimation uncertainty relates to assumptions about future operating results and the determination of a suitable discount rate.

# g) Fair value measurement of financial instruments

When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the Balance

Sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using valuation techniques including the DCF model. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgment is required in establishing fair values. Judgements include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

#### h) Measurement of share-based payments

The fair value of employee stock options is measured using the Black-Scholes model. Measurement inputs include share price on grant date, exercise price of the instrument, expected volatility (based on weighted average historical volatility), expected life of the instrument (based on expected exercise behaviour), expected dividends, and the risk free interest rate (based on government bonds)

# i) Capitalisation of internally developed intangible assets

The Group applies judgement in determining at what point the recognition criteria under Ind AS 38 is satisfied with respect to technology development expenditure being incurred. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, CAPITAL WORK-IN-PROGRESS (CWIP) AND RIGHT OF USE ASSET (ROU)

Gross block as at 1 <sup>st</sup> April 2023       26.25       1,1         Add: Effect of business combination       -       -         Refer note 49)       26.25       1,1         Gross block after effect of business       26.25       1,1         Additions       -       -       -         Additions       -       -       -       -         Disposals       Disposals       0.40       -       -         Creign currency translation#       0.40       -       -       -         Foreign currency translation reserve       0.40       -       -       -       -         Accumulated depreciation as at       -       26.65       1,2       -       -       -	(Refer note i) 1.175.30	equipment	and	Fallinment			leasehold			1		
26.25 26.25 26.25 26.25 26.65	175.30	(Rerer note II)	fixtures	Equipment			improvement		work-in- progress	Leasehold land	Building	Total
26.25 26.25		9,141.60	96.54	147.17	195.34	196.58	153.80	11,132.58	693.55	925.43	830.63	1,756.06
26.25		47.50	'	10.35			•	57.85	   1 		225.88	225.88
26.65	1,175.30	9,189.10	96.54	157.52	195.34	196.58	153.80	11,190.43	693.55	925.43	1,056.51	1,981.94
0.40 26.65	93.94	2,119.70	25.40	32.83	41.68	84.45	1.07	2,399.05	2,627.27	'	839.00	839.00
0.40 <b>26.65</b>	'	(57.79)	(1.81)	(0.03)	(2.61)	(30.61)	'	(92.85)		'	'	
0.40 26.65	'   '	'	'   '	   '	'	'	'	•	(2,374.82)	' 	'	
26.65	0.32	3.51	0.25	0.02	0.15	0.46	'	5.11	0.00	'	0.53	0.53
•	1,269.56	11,254.51	120.37	190.34	234.56	250.87	154.88	13,501.74	946.01	925.43	1,896.03	2,821.46
1st April 2023	152.99	2,403.43	39.67	79.91	118.64	67.12	61.51	2,923.27		51.71	269.93	321.64
Add: Effect of business combination	'	29.21					· ·	29.21			1	
Accumulated depreciation after effect - 1 of business combination	152.99	2,432.64	39.67	79.91	118.64	67.12	61.51	2,952.48		51.71	269.93	321.64
Depreciation charge during the year	51.27	1,331.72	14.13	16.25	46.69	39.16	13.94	1,513.16	'   '	2.64	99.93	102.56
Disposals -		(55.30)	(1.81)	(0.03)	(2.61)	(23.26)	1	(83.01)	1	•		1
Foreign currency translation reserve	   '	1.19	0.13		0.08	0.40		1.80			(0.61)	(0.61)
Accumulated depreciation as at 31 <sup>st</sup> - 2 March 2024	204.26	3,710.26	52.12	96.13	162.79	83.42	75.45	4,384.44	•	54.34	369.24	423.59
Net carrying amount as at 26.65 1,0 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024	1,065.30	7,544.25	68.25	94.21	71.76	167.46	79.42	9,117.30	946.01	871.09	1,526.79	2,397.87
Gross block as at 1 <sup>st</sup> April 2024 26.65 1,2	1,269.56	11,254.51	120.37	190.34	234.56	250.87	154.88	13,501.74	946.01	925.43	1,896.03	2,821.46
Additions - 1	139.06	3,613.80	38.87	26.86	48.62	75.97	26.77	3,969.95	3,917.29		251.14	251.14
Disposals -	'	(45.76)	(1.85)		(12.46)	(30.86)	1	(80.93)	ı		(49.06)	(49.06)
Transfer on capitalisation#		1	•				1	1	(3,778.69)	•		
Foreign currency translation reserve (0.24)	1.02	(0.60)	(0.49)	0.06	(0.25)	(0.86)	1	(1.36)	ı		7.57	7.57
Gross block as at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025 26.41 1,4	1,409.64	14,821.95	156.90	217.26	270.47	295.12	181.65	17,379.40	1,084.61	925.43	2,105.68	3,031.11
Accumulated depreciation as at 1st April - 2 2024	204.26	3,710.26	52.12	96.13	162.79	83.42	75.45	4,384.44		54.34	369.24	423.59
Depreciation charge during the year*	53.49	1,548.54	15.47	19.55	48.43	48.66	16.50	1,750.64	•	2.64	191.79	194.43
Disposals -	'	(43.12)	(1.85)		(12.36)	(16.05)	1	(73.38)	ı		,	,
Foreign currency translation reserve	0.28	1.35	1.48	0.03	(0.98)	(2.22)	1	(90.0)	1		'	'
Accumulated depreciation as at - 2 31st March 2025	258.03	5,217.03	67.22	115.71	197.88	113.81	91.95	6,061.64		56.98	561.03	618.01
Net carrying amount as at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 26.41 1,1 2025	1,151.61	9,604.92	89.68	101.55	72.59	181.31	89.70	11,317.76	1,084.61	868.45	1,544.65	2,413.10

# Transfer on capitalisation also includes amount transferred to intangible assets.

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Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

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#### CWIP aging schedule as at 31<sup>st</sup> Marc, 2025

(Figures in Million INR, except per share data, unless stated otherwise)

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		Amount	in CWIP for a pe	riod of	
Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Projects in progress *	1,003.41	59.96	21.24	-	1,084.61

\*There were no projects that were suspended at the end of reporting period accordingly disclosure on expected date of completion of suspended project has not been given. Further there are no projects whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan other than stated in point (vi) below.

#### CWIP aging schedule as at 31<sup>st</sup> Marc, 2024

		Amount	in CWIP for a per	iod of	
Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Projects in progress *	908.17	37.83	-	-	946.01

\*There were no projects that were suspended at the end of reporting period accordingly disclosure on expected date of completion of suspended project has not been given. Further there are no projects whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan other than stated in point (vi) below.

#### Notes:

- (i) Building (gross block) amounting INR 1,213.69 million (31<sup>st</sup> March 2024: INR 1,102.27 million), net block INR 896.82 million (31<sup>st</sup> March 2024:INR 824.55 million) is constructed on leasehold land.
- (ii) Refer note 41 for disclosure of contractual commitments for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment.
- (iii) Refer note 16 for information on property, plant and equipment pledged as security by the company.
- (iv) Property, plant and equipment, Capital work-in-progress include gross assets amounting to INR 648.15 million (March 31 2024: INR 425.44 million) relating to development.
- (v) Property, plant and equipment (net carrying amount) of INR 148.10 million (31<sup>st</sup> March 2024: INR 134.94 million) and capital work-in-progress of INR 24.63 million (31<sup>st</sup> March 2024: INR 26.29 million) is lying with job workers.
- (vi) Capital work-in-progress includes amount of INR 22.83 million (31<sup>st</sup> March 2024: INR 22.05 million) pertaining to projects in progress which have crossed the budgeted period.
- (vii) Depreciation charge during the year includes amount of INR 13.34 million (31<sup>st</sup> March 2024: Nil) capitalised to research & development during the year.

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(Figures in Million INR, except per share data, unless stated otherwise)

#### 5 INTANGIBLE ASSETS, INTANGIBLE ASSETS UNDER DEVELOPMENT AND GOODWILL

Intangible assets	Computer software	Technical knowhow	Capitalised development expenditure	Brand #	Customer Relationships	Total	Intangible assets under development <sup>#</sup>	Goodwill on consolidation (Including assembled workforce) <sup>#</sup>
Gross block as at 1 <sup>st</sup> April 2023	401.24	31.15	992.90	687.40	4,009.00	6,121.69	217.79	1,758.09
Add: Effect of business combination (Refer note 49)	-	-	348.10	-	187.44	535.54	2,138.46	1,760.22
Gross block after effect of business combination	401.24	31.15	1,341.00	687.40	4,196.44	6,657.23	2,356.25	3,518.31
Additions	46.78	-	-	-	-	46.78	380.42	-
Transfer to intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	(43.22)	-
Foreign currency translation reserve	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2.97)	-
Gross block as at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024	448.02	31.15	1,341.00	687.40	4,196.44	6,704.01	2,690.48	3,518.31
Accumulated amortisation as at 1 <sup>st</sup> April 2023	191.73	26.94	429.20	-	999.51	1,647.38	-	-
Accumulated amortisation after effect of business combination	191.73	26.94	429.20	-	999.51	1,647.38		-
Amortisation charge for the year	82.14	1.67	211.84	-	289.07	584.72	-	-
Closing accumulated amortisation as at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024	273.87	28.62	641.04	-	1,288.58	2,232.10	-	-
Net carrying amount as at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024	174.15	2.53	699.96	687.40	2,907.86	4,471.91	2,690.48	3,518.31
Gross block as at 1 <sup>st</sup> April 2024	448.02	31.15	1,341.00	687.40	4,196.44	6,704.01	2,690.48	3,518.31
Additions	88.28	-	75.33	-	-	163.61	596.45	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	(27.06)	-
Transfer to intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	(160.78)	-
Foreign currency translation reserve	-	-	-	-	-	-	10.95	-
Gross block as at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	536.30	31.15	1,416.33	687.40	4,196.44	6,867.62	3,110.04	3,518.31
Accumulated amortisation as at 1 <sup>st</sup> April 2024	273.87	28.62	641.04	-	1,288.58	2,232.10	-	-
Amortisation charge for the year	63.71	0.54	243.01		305.05	612.31	-	-
Closing accumulated amortisation as at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	337.58	29.16	884.05	-	1,593.63	2,844.41	-	-
Net carrying amount as at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	198.72	1.99	532.28	687.40	2,602.81	4,023.21	3,110.04	3,518.31

# Refer note 46

#### Intangible assets under development aging schedule for the year ended 31st March 2025

	Amount in intangible assets under development for a period of							
Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total			
Projects in progress *	518.81	2,435.26	129.09	26.88	3,110.04			

\*There were no projects that were suspended at the end of reporting period accordingly disclosure on expected date of completion of suspended project has not been given. Further there are no projects whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan.

#### Intangible assets under development aging schedule for the year ended 31st March 2024

	Amount in intangible assets under development for a period of							
Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total			
Projects in progress *	2,487.16	172.29	31.03	-	2,690.48			

\*There were no projects that were suspended at the end of reporting period accordingly disclosure on expected date of completion of suspended project has not been given. Further there are no projects whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan.

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#### **Notes**

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(Figures in Million INR, except per share data, unless stated otherwise)

#### 6 INVESTMENTS

	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
At Cost, Unquoted investments, Investment in equity shares of other than subsidiary companies (non-current)		
9,553 (31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024: 9,553) equity shares of Euro 500 each in Sona Holding B.V. The Netherlands	211.66	211.66
Less: Provision for impairment	(211.66)	(211.66)
At Cost, Unquoted investments, Investment in Preference shares of other than subsidiary companies (non-current)		
392,647 (31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024: 392,647) equity shares of Euro 5 each in Sona Holding B.V. The Netherlands	116.62	116.62
Less: Provision for impairment	(116.62)	(116.62)
Fair value through profit and loss account, Unquoted investments, Investment in equity shares of other than subsidiary companies (non-current)		
927,639 (31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024: 927,639) equity shares of C-Motive Technologies, Inc.	46.29	45.62
42,716 (31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024: 42,716) equity shares of INR 10 each in Clean Max Calypso Private Limited	54.75	54.75
17,805 (31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024: Nil) equity shares of INR 10 each in Clean Max Nova Private Limited	14.00	-
16,103,060 (31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024: Nil) Series B+ preferred stock of Clear Motion, Inc. par value of USD 0.01	341.90	-
Aggregate amount of unquoted non-current investments	456.94	100.37
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments at market value	456.94	100.37
Aggregate amount of impairment of unquoted investments	328.28	328.28
	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Investment (current)		
At fair value through profit and loss - Quoted Investment		
215 (31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024: 76,312.99) of HDFC Overnight Fund - Regular	0.82	278.23
185,396 (31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024: Nil) of Axis Overnight Fund - Regular	250.50	-
18,833 (31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024: Nil) of SBI Overnight Fund - Regular	78.22	-
84,150,909 (31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024: Nil) Kotak Nifty SDL Apr 2027 Top 12 Equal Weight Index Fund	1,013.28	-
79,098,779 (31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024: Nil) HDFC Nifty G-sec Dec 2026 Index Fund	943.58	-
85,811,549 (31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024: Nil) SBI CPSE Bond Plus SDL Sep 2026 50:50 Index Fund	1,034.01	-
36,336,507 (31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024: Nil) SBI CRISIL IBX Gilt Index April 2029 Fund	445.57	-
59,272,114 (31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024: Nil) Aditya Birla Sun Life CRISIL IBX 60:40 SDL plus AAA PSU - Apr 2027 Index Fund	709.56	-
85,216,025 (31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024: Nil) Aditya Birla Sun Life Nifty SDL Plus PSU Bond Sep 2026 60:40 Index Fund	1,034.97	-
27,937,956 (31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024: Nil) Aditya Birla Sun Life Nifty SDL Apr 2027 Index Fund	339.49	-
80,638,565 (31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024: Nil) Nippon India Nifty AAA CPSE Bond Plus SDL - Apr 2027 Maturity 60:40 Index Fund	963.69	-
85,328,745 (31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024: Nil) Axis CRISIL IBX SDL May 2027 Index Fund - Direct	1,026.28	-
5,764 (31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024: Nil) Mirae Asset Overnight Fund - Direct plan growth	7.55	
7,735,626 (31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024: Nil) HDFC Nifty G-Sec Dec 2026 Index Fund - Regular	91.94	
225,116 (31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024: Nil) 100% U.S. Treas Sec. Mmkt - Morgan	19.24	
Raiffeisen EURO Cash UCITS Fund	225.83	-
JP Morgan 100% US Treasury Securities Money Market Fund	-	38.17
	8,184.52	316.40
Aggregate amount of guoted investments at market value	8,184.52	316.40

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(Figures in Million INR, except per share data, unless stated otherwise)

#### 7 OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Unsecured, considered good		
Non-current		
Security deposits	107.08	110.23
Fixed deposits with banks with maturity period of more than 12 months	432.45	-
Total other financial assets	539.53	110.23
Current		
Forward contract receivables (refer note 34 and 48)	4.35	18.10
Other financial assets	-	7.43
FD with original maturity more than 12 months and remaining as at reporting date is less than 12 months	5,092.34	-
Total other financial assets	5,096.69	25.53

Note:

i) The exposure to financial risks and fair value measurement related to these financial instruments is described in note 33 and 34

#### 8 INCOME TAX ASSETS (NET)

	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Non-current		
Prepaid taxes*	59.42	271.61
	59.42	271.61

\*Amount paid under protest of INR 17.47 million (31st March 2024: INR 17.47 million).

#### 9 OTHER ASSETS

	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Non-current		
Prepaid expenses	8.78	18.37
Un-adjusted consideration for revenue contract	11.21	22.18
Capital advances	278.26	454.56
Other assets	429.03	458.18
Total other assets - non-current	727.28	953.29
Current		
Prepaid expenses	191.05	137.50
Loans and advances to employees	11.87	4.90
Advance to suppliers for goods and services	282.38	290.64
Balance with government authorities	653.17	459.83
Un-adjusted consideration for revenue contract	11.21	11.21
Other assets	155.30	146.94
Less: Allowance for doubtful advances	(20.38)	(20.38)
Total other assets - current	1,284.60	1,030.64

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#### **10 INVENTORIES**

	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Raw materials and components *	1,213.55	1,032.70
Work-in-progress**	372.37	405.19
Finished goods***	1,470.05	1,644.21
Stores and spares	163.71	138.77
Loose tools	44.94	45.38
Dies, jigs and fixtures	212.10	193.69
Scrap	10.15	14.97
Total	3,486.87	3,474.91

<sup>#</sup> Total inventory is net of 'provision for obsolete and slow moving inventory' amounting to INR 93.88 million (31<sup>st</sup> March 2024: INR 72.06 million).

\* Includes raw materials and components in transit amounting INR 87.10 million (31st March 2024: INR 89.56 million).

\* Includes raw materials and components with the vendors sent for job work INR 11.01 million (31<sup>st</sup> March 2024: INR 12.65 million).

\*\* Includes inventory with the vendors sent for job work INR 111.66 million ( 31st March 2024: INR 153.63 million).

\*\*\* Includes goods in transit INR 535.46 million (31<sup>st</sup> March 2024: INR 656.82 million).

The cost of inventories recognised as an expense during the year are disclosed in Note 25 & 29.

#### **11 TRADE RECEIVABLES**

	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Unsecured		
Trade receivables considered good	7,051.93	6,482.63
Trade receivables - credit impaired	5.07	5.07
Less: Allowances for expected credit loss	(5.07)	(5.07)
Total trade receivables	7,051.93	6,482.63

Notes:

(i) Refer note 37 for receivable balance from related parties.

(ii) Refer note 33 - Financial instruments for assessment of expected credit losses.

(iii) There are no disputed dues from customers.

(iv) General credit period is 30 to 90 days.

(v) There is no significant financing component in receivables except mentioned in note 16(ii).

#### Trade receivables ageing schedule as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025

	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						
Particulars	Not Due	Less than 6 months	6 months- 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) Trade receivables - considered good	6,136.57	878.56	34.48	1.67	0.66	-	7,051.93
(ii) Trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	0.25	4.82	5.07

#### Trade receivables ageing schedule as at 31st March 2024

	(	Outstanding for f	ollowing period	s from due da	te of paymen	t	
Particulars	Not Due	Less than 6 months	6 months- 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) Trade receivables - considered good	5,509.14	936.40	24.55	12.54	-	-	6,482.63
(ii) Trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	0.24	0.26	4.57	5.07

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

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#### **12 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS**

	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Balance with banks		
- in current accounts*	615.12	555.94
Cash on hand	0.06	0.10
Cheque on hand	-	2.29
Bank deposits with original maturity of less than three months	9,859.93	351.72
Total cash and cash equivalents	10,475.11	910.05

\* Includes INR 7.97 million (31st March 2024: INR 0.30 million) for amount earmarked for corporate social responsibility.

#### **13 OTHER BANK BALANCES**

	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Bank deposits with original maturity of more than three months but residual maturity of less than twelve months	2,540.87	1,831.59
Total other bank balances	2,540.87	1,831.59

#### **14 (A) EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL**

	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Authorised share capital		
1,148,500,000 (31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024: 1,148,500,000) equity shares of INR 10 each	11,485.00	11,485.00
Issued, subscribed and paid up share capital		
621,717,975 (31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024: 586,447,778) equity shares of INR 10 each fully paid up	6,217.18	5,864.48

#### i) Reconciliation of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year

As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
586,447778	585,404,582
35,270,197	1,043,196
621,717,975	586,447,778
	<b>31<sup>st</sup> March 2025</b> 586,447778 35,270,197

Amount	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Equity shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	5,864.48	5,854.05
Add: Issue of shares	352.70	10.43
Equity shares outstanding at the end of the year	6,217.18	5,864.48

#### ii) Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of INR 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The final dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting. In the event of liquidation, the equity share holders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

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#### iii) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% of the total number of equity shares in the Company

Number of shares	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Aureus Investment Private Limited (formerly known as Sona Autocomp Holding Private Limited)	174,208,904	174,208,904
Axis Mutual Fund	18,185,809	39,675,502
Government Of Singapore	42,535,803	38,283,615
Sbi Mutual Fund	53,564,349	34,400,633

Percentage	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Aureus Investment Private Limited (formerly known as Sona Autocomp Holding Private Limited)	28.02%	29.71%
Axis Mutual Fund	2.93%	6.77%
Government Of Singapore	6.84%	6.53%
Sbi Mutual Fund	8.62%	5.87%

iv) The Board of Directors of the Company had approved the following: issuance of 11 (Eleven) bonus shares of face value INR 10 (Rupees Ten) each for every 1 (One) existing fully paid up equity share of face value INR 10 (Rupees Ten) each (including the equity shares issued upon conversion of the Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares (CCPS) and accordingly 525,232,180 bonus shares were issued, which were alloted on 10<sup>th</sup> February 2020. Other than this, the Company has not issued any shares pursuant to contracts without payment being received in cash, or allotted as fully paid up by way of bonus shares during the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025 and five years immediately preceeding the year ended 31 March 2025.

#### v) Promoters shareholding

#### Shareholding of promoters as on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025

Promoter name	Number of shares	% of total shares	% change during the year
Aureus Investment Private Limited (formerly known as Sona Autocomp Holding Private Limited)	174,208,904	28.02	(1.69)
*Rani Kapur- RK Family Trust	72	**	-
*Ashok Sachdev	151	**	-
*Jasbir Sachdev	361	**	-
*Charu Sachdev	423	**	-
*Raghuvanshi Investment Private Limited	744	**	-
Total	174,210,655	28.02	(1.69)

#### Shareholding of promoters as on 31st March 2024

hares	% of total shares	% change during the year
3,904	29.71	(3.29)
72	**	-
151	**	-
361	**	-
423	**	-
744	**	-
,655	29.71	(3.29)
) <b>,</b> (	655	655 29.71

\* Promoter Group

\*\* Percentage is negligible
Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(Figures in Million INR, except per share data, unless stated otherwise)

## 14 (B) PREFERENCE SHARE CAPITAL

	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Authorised share capital		
1,500,000 (31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024: 1,500,000) preference shares of INR 10 each	15.00	15.00
Issued, subscribed and paid up share capital		
Nil (31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024: Nil) Compulsorily convertible preference shares of INR 10 each fully paid up	-	-

## 15 (A) OTHER EQUITY

	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Retained earnings	18,186.46	14,076.12
General reserve	120.00	120.00
Securities premium (net)	29,373.41	5,680.81
Capital redemption reserve	25.93	25.93
Equity instruments through other comprehensive income	(368.33)	(368.33)
Employee's stock options reserve	409.86	155.11
Foreign currency translation reserve	209.95	190.36
Cash flow hedge reserve (net of tax) (refer note 48)	36.01	21.57
Merger Reserve	737.23	737.23
Total reserves and surplus	48,730.52	20,638.80

### a) Retained earnings

	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Opening balance	14,076.12	10,713.86
Net profit for the year	6,012.13	5,172.68
Remeasurement of defined benefit obligations, net of tax	(8.40)	(17.48)
Less:-Dividend paid	(1,893.39)	(1,792.94)
Closing balance	18,186.46	14,076.12

Retained earnings are created from the profits of the Company, as adjusted for distribution to owners, transfer to other reserve, remeasurement of defined benefit plan, etc.

## b) General reserve

	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Opening balance	120.00	120.00
Closing balance	120.00	120.00

In earlier year, the Company transferred a portion of the net profit before declaring dividend to general reserve pursuant to the earlier provision of Companies Act 1956. Mandatory transfer to general reserve is not required under the Companies Act, 2013. This reserve is available for distribution to shareholders in accordance with provisions of Companies Act, 2013.

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(Figures in Million INR, except per share data, unless stated otherwise)

#### c) Securities premium

	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Opening balance	5,680.81	5,601.48
Premium on fresh issue of equity shares	231.66	29.55
Add: Premium on fresh issue of equity shares (refer note 47)	23,652.17	-
Add: Impact on ESOP shares issuance	39.18	49.78
Less: Expense related to capital raising	(230.42)	-
Closing balance	29,373.41	5,680.81

(i) Securities premium represents premium received on issuance of shares. The balance is utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

(ii) During the year, the Company incurred INR 305 million as expenses in connection with funds raised through Qualified Institutional Placement (QIP) aggregating to INR 24,000.00 million. In accordance with the provisions of Section 52 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the treatment provided under Ind AS 32 (Financial Instruments: Presentation) as well as Ind AS 12 (Income Taxes), as sum of INR 230.42 million (after reducing Income taxes of INR 74.58 million) has been adjusted against the Securities Premium.

### d) Capital redemption reserve

	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Opening balance	25.93	25.93
Transferred from retained earnings	-	-
Closing balance	25.93	25.93

Companies Act, 2013 requires that where a Company purchases its own shares out of free reserves or securities premium account, a sum equal to the nominal value of the shares so purchased shall be transferred to a capital redemption reserve account and details of such transfer shall be disclosed in the balance sheet. The capital redemption reserve account may be applied by the Company, in paying up unissued shares of the Company to be issued to shareholders of the Company as fully paid bonus shares. The Company established this reserve pursuant to the buyback of shares in earlier years.

### e) Merger Reserve

	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Opening balance	737.23	737.23
Movement during the year	-	-
Closing balance	737.23	737.23

Merger Reserve was created pursuant to merger of Sona BLW Precision Forgings Limited and Comstar Automotive Technology Private Limited.

### f) Equity instruments through other comprehensive income

	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Opening balance	(368.33)	(368.33)
Add: Net changes in fair values of equity instruments carried at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-
Closing balance	(368.33)	(368.33)

This represents the changes in the fair value of certain investments in equity securities in other comprehensive income. These changes are accumulated within the Equity instruments through Other Comprehensive Income within equity.

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(Figures in Million INR, except per share data, unless stated otherwise)

### g) Employee's stock options outstanding reserve

	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Opening balance	155.11	46.03
Add: Created during the year (refer note 45)	293.93	158.86
Less: Utilised during the year	(39.18)	(49.78)
Closing balance	409.86	155.11

This reserve represents the shared based compensation expense recorded with respect to options granted to employees as and when the related grant conditions are met and is adjusted on exercise/ forfeiture of options.

### h) Foreign currency translation reserve

	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Opening balance	190.36	158.97
Exchange difference reclassified to profit or loss on disposal of subsidiary	-	-
Currency translation during the year	19.59	31.39
Closing balance	209.95	190.36

Exchange differences arising on translation of the foreign operations are recognised in other comprehensive income as described in accounting policy and accumulated in a separate reserve within equity. The cumulative amount is reclassified to profit or loss when the net investment is disposed-off.

### i) Cash flow hedge reserve

	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Opening balance	21.57	12.78
Add: Changes in fair value of hedge instruments	45.87	(23.60)
Less: Amount reclassified to statement of profit and loss	(26.58)	35.35
Less: Deferred tax relating to above	(4.85)	(2.96)
Closing balance	36.01	21.57

Cumulative changes in the fair value of financial instruments designated as effective hedge are recognised in this reserve through OCI (net of taxes). Amounts recognised in the hedging reserve are reclassified to the statement of profit and loss when the underlying transaction occurs.

## **15 (B) NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST**

	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Opening balance	1,497.77	-
Effect of business combination (Refer note 49)	-	1,487.46
Movement during the year	1.71	10.31
Closing balance	1,499.48	1,497.77

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Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

## **16 BORROWINGS**

(Figures in Million INR, except per share data, unless stated otherwise)

## (i) Non-current borrowings

	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Secured		
Term loans from banks		
Indian rupee loans	79.70	486.75
	79.70	486.75
Less: Amount disclosed under current borrowings (refer note (ii) below)	-	(194.70)
Total non-current borrowings	79.70	292.05

#### Notes:

- i) Above term loans is secured by first pari passu charge on the entire moveable fixed assets, present and future, of the company and immovable fixed assets situated at Gurgaon only. Second pari passu charge on entire current assets of the Company.
- ii) Repayment schedule and Interest rates for the above Term Loans are as follows:
  - a) Term loan from HDFC bank as on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2024 was amounting to INR 333.33 million was repayable in 12 quarterly instalments w.e.f. October 2023.
  - b) Term loan from Citi bank as on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2024 was amounting to INR 62.50 million was repayable in 16 quarterly instalments w.e.f. December 2022.
  - c) Term Ioan from Citi bank as on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2024 was amounting to INR 90.92 million was repayable in 11 quarterly instalments w.e.f. March 2024.
  - d) Term Ioan from CITI Bank, China amounting to INR 79.70 million (31<sup>st</sup> March 2024: Nil) is repayable in 16 Quarterly Installments w.e.f 30<sup>th</sup> July 2025 with Interest of 1Y LPR + 115 bps @ effective rate is 4.60% p.a. (31<sup>st</sup> March 2024: Nil).

The interest rate for the above term loans from banks as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2024 was a floating interest rate linked with T-bill current effective rate in the range of 8.09%-8.87% p.a.

## (ii) Current borrowings

	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Secured		
Indian Rupee loans repayable on demand from banks (refer note (a) below)	54.92	1,737.95
Indian Rupee loans repayable on demand from NBFC (refer note (b) below)	-	105.89
Current Maturities of non-current borrowings (refer note (i) above)	-	194.70
Total current borrowings	54.92	2,038.54

### Notes:

### a) Indian Rupee loans repayable on demand from banks

Above working capital loan is secured by first pari passu charge on entire current assets of the Company and second pari passu charge on the entire moveable fixed assets, present and future, of the company and immovable fixed assets situated at Gurgaon only.

### **Repayment and rate of interest:**

- i) Cash credit as on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2024 was amounting to INR 9.23 million was repayable on demand carries interest @ floating rate linked with T-bill current year effective rate was 9.15 % p.a.
- ii) EPC as on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2024 was amounting to 1,728.72 million was repayable on demand carries interest @ floating rate linked with T-bill current year effective rate was the range of 5.18% 5.54% p.a.

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(Figures in Million INR, except per share data, unless stated otherwise)

WCDL from Citi Bank, China amounting to INR 54.92 million (31<sup>st</sup> March 2024: Nil) is repayable on demand carries with Tenure of 1 year with Interest of 1Y LPR + 100 bps @ effective rate is 4.35% p.a. (31<sup>st</sup> March 2024: Nil).

### b) Indian Rupee loans repayable on demand from NBFC

The parent company entered into factoring arrangements with recourse for its trade receivables with Tata Capital Financial Services Limited. As at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025 the parent company had factoring facilities in place for trade receivables Nil (31 March 2024: INR 105.89 million) were realised by using these facilities against which the monies were yet to be collected by the financial institution from the parent company's customers. The parent company does not derecognise the receivables from its books since, it does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset (i.e. receivables) and a corresponding liability towards the banks is recognised in respect of aforementioned amounts so realised by the parent company from the banks but yet to be collected by the financial institution from the parent company from the banks but yet to be collected by the financial institution from the parent company from the banks but yet to be collected by the financial institution from the parent company from the banks but yet to be collected by the financial institution from the parent company from the banks but yet to be collected by the financial institution from the parent company's customers.

# (iii) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities (as per requirements of Ind AS 7 'Statement of cash flows')

The changes of the Company's liabilities arising from financing activities can be classified as follows:

	Long-term borrowings	Short-term borrowings	Leases	Total
Balance as at 1 <sup>st</sup> April 2023	587.50	1,587.18	777.22	2,951.90
Cash Flows:				
Repayment of non-current borrowings	(100.76)	-	-	(100.76)
Proceeds from current borrowings (net)	-	195.15	-	195.15
Effect of business combination	-	67.02	235.51	302.53
Repayment of lease liabilities	-	-	(148.26)	(148.26)
Non-cash changes				
Interest expense on lease liabilities	-	-	87.24	87.24
Creation of lease liabilities	-	-	839.05	839.05
Other movement	-	(5.52)	-	(5.52)
Balance As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024	486.74	1,843.84	1,790.75	4,121.33
Cash Flows:				
Repayment of non-current borrowings	(3,442.99)	-	-	(3,442.99)
Proceeds from non-current borrowings	3,035.95	-	-	3,035.95
Repayment of current borrowings (net)	-	(1,792.00)	-	(1,792.00)
Repayment of lease liabilities	-	-	(274.69)	(274.69)
Non-cash changes				
Interest expense on lease liabilities	-	-	160.36	160.36
Creation of lease liabilities	-	-	211.32	211.32
Other movement	-	3.08		3.08
Balance As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	79.70	54.92	1,887.74	2,022.36

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Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(Figures in Million INR, except per share data, unless stated otherwise)

## **17 OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES**

	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Non-current		
Security deposits	2.24	1.74
Payable to founders of Novelic d.o.o. (refer note 49)	-	506.97
Total other financial liabilities - non-current	2.24	508.71
Current		
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings	-	2.79
Employee benefits payable	345.85	362.60
Capital creditors*	654.40	394.05
Security deposits	3.33	3.38
Payable to founders of Novelic d.o.o. (refer note 49)	537.33	262.29
Other payables	25.96	20.92
Total other financial liabilities - current	1,566.87	1,046.03

\* includes MSME balance of INR 162.54 million (31st March 2024: INR 58.42 million).

## **18 PROVISIONS**

	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Non-current		
Provision for compensated absences (refer below and note 39)	132.94	115.75
Provision for defined benefit plans (refer note 39)	79.00	70.14
Provision for warranty (refer below)	104.44	66.71
Total provisions - non-current	316.38	252.60
Current		
Provision for compensated absences (refer below and note 39)	61.78	48.57
Provision for defined benefit plans (refer note 39)	0.28	0.27
Provision for warranty (refer below)	35.54	28.17
Total provisions - current	97.60	77.01

## The reconciliation of the carrying amount of provision from beginning of the year to end of the year is provided below:

	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Provision for Compensated absences		
Opening balance	164.32	138.10
Additions	81.67	90.98
Amounts utilised	(51.27)	(64.77)
Closing balance	194.72	164.32
Provision for Warranty		
Opening balance	94.88	59.74
Additions	90.28	45.12
Amounts utilised	(45.18)	(9.97)
Closing balance	139.98	94.88

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(Figures in Million INR, except per share data, unless stated otherwise)

## **19 DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES (NET)**

### Movement in deferred tax assets/liabilities

31st March 2025

Particulars	Opening Balance	Recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss	Effect of Foreign currency translation reserve	Recognised in other equity	Closing Balance
Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	1,251.13	(98.84)	-	-	1,152.29
Provision for employee benefits obligation	(64.25)	(9.13)	-	-	(73.38)
Others	74.31	118.95	1.44	(22.09)	172.61
Total	1,261.19	10.98	1.44	(22.09)	1,251.52

### 31<sup>st</sup> March 2024

Particulars	Opening Balance	Recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	Effect of business combination	Closing Balance
Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	928.22	(68.27)	-	391.18	1,251.13
Provision for employee benefits obligation	(72.13)	13.76	(5.89)		(64.25)
Others	20.14	51.21	2.96	-	74.31
Total	876.24	(3.30)	(2.93)	391.18	1,261.19

Certain subsidiary companies of the Group have net carry forward losses amounting to total of INR 223.72 million (31st March 2024: INR 125.32 million) on which deferred tax asset has not been recognised, which has a 15-20 years carry forward period.

Deferred tax assets amounting to INR 82.62 million (31<sup>st</sup> March 2024: INR 82.62 million) on fair value adjustment recognised in respect of investments held in Sona Holding B.V. by the company. The Netherlands has not been recognised due to uncertainty regarding the allowability of such loss.

## **20 TRADE PAYABLES**

	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Trade payables		
- Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	453.28	519.88
- Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	2,785.19	2,461.17
Total Trade payables	3,238.47	2,981.05

Notes:

(i) Refer note 37 for balance payable to related parties

(ii) There is no disputed dues.

### Trade payables aging schedule as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025

	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						
Particulars	Unbilled Dues	Not Due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 year	Total
(i) MSME	6.47	428.14	18.23	0.30	0.14	-	453.28
(ii) Others	489.83	1,615.38	663.03	4.72	1.32	10.91	2,785.19
Total	496.30	2,043.52	681.26	5.02	1.46	10.91	3,238.47

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Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

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## Trade payables aging schedule as at $31^{st}$ March 2024

		Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					
Particulars	Unbilled Dues	Not Due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 year	Total
(i) MSME	5.20	506.53	5.91	2.19	0.05	-	519.88
(ii) Others	236.62	1,613.86	589.85	6.81	12.27	1.77	2,461.17
Total	241.82	2,120.39	595.75	9.00	12.32	1.77	2,981.05

## **21 OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES**

	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Statutory dues payable	92.33	98.71
Revenue received in advance (refer note 44)	257.45	198.78
Duty Drawback	6.70	9.59
Others	6.56	1.55
Total current liabilities	363.04	308.63

## **22 CURRENT TAX LIABILITIES**

	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Income tax liabilities (net)( Net of advance tax INR 1,811.94 million (31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024: INR 1,403.65 million))	65.13	91.53
Total current tax liabilities	65.13	91.53

## 23 REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS

		For the year ended Aarch 2025	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Sale of goods*		34,127.42	30,819.49
Other operating revenue			
Scrap sales		683.16	684.66
Export/other incentive		640.45	294.55
Royalty income		0.62	1.46
Provision for doubtful debts written back		0.23	46.19
Others		8.33	1.35
Total revenue from operations	3	35,460.21	31,847.70
* Defer note 11			

\* Refer note 44.

## 24 OTHER INCOME

	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Interest on financial assets carried at amortised cost	771.33	114.45
Interest income from income tax refund	45.22	-
Profit on sale of investments	405.95	97.78
Others	46.66	27.25
Total other income	1,269.16	239.48

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

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## 25 (A) COST OF MATERIALS CONSUMED

	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Raw material at the beginning of the year	1,032.70	1,095.21
Add: Purchases during the year	15,420.85	13,995.78
Less: Raw material at the end of year	1,213.55	1,032.70
Cost of material consumed	15,240.00	14,058.29

## 25 (B) CHANGES IN INVENTORIES OF FINISHED GOODS AND WORK-IN-PROGRESS

	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Inventories at the beginning of the year		
Work-in-progress	405.19	324.89
Finished goods	1,644.21	1,407.57
	2,049.41	1,732.47
Inventories at the end of the year		
Work-in-progress	372.37	405.19
Finished goods	1,470.05	1,644.21
	1,842.42	2,049.41
Changes in inventories	206.99	(316.94)

## **26 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE**

	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Salaries, wages and allowances	2,401.11	1,950.97
Contribution to provident and other funds (refer note 39)	148.06	131.40
Staff welfare expenses	325.11	271.68
Share-based payment to employees (refer note 45)	275.97	147.29
Total employee benefits expense	3,150.25	2,501.34

## **27 FINANCE COSTS**

	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Interest on loans	90.58	136.40
Other borrowing costs	30.37	19.30
Other finance charges	20.42	15.04
Interest on lease liabilities (refer note 43)	160.36	87.24
Total finance costs	301.73	257.98

## 28 DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION EXPENSE

	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (refer note 4)	1,737.22	1,514.96
Amortisation of intangible assets (refer note 5)	612.30	584.72
Amortisation of right-of-use assets (refer note 4)	194.43	102.56
Total depreciation and amortisation expense	2,543.95	2,202.25

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## **29 OTHER EXPENSES**

	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Consumption of stores, spares and tool	1,499.62	1,391.86
Power and fuel	888.43	818.06
Freight, clearing and forwarding charges	493.27	442.73
Packing material	502.34	435.40
Sub contracting cost	992.74	984.27
Rent (refer note 43)	65.19	48.58
Repairs and maintenance - plant and machinery	359.55	328.64
Repair and maintenance - buildings	19.88	26.90
Repair and maintenance - others	250.25	231.63
Manpower hiring on contract	704.82	629.15
Legal and professional charges	277.48	285.96
Testing and designing charges	125.56	110.69
Software Charges	84.98	62.79
Rates and taxes	20.76	22.15
Insurance	99.47	72.95
Travelling, conveyance and vehicle expenses	244.05	209.65
Communication and stationery expenses	24.50	25.47
Security charges	36.30	29.32
Corporate social responsibility expense	97.14	63.60
Business promotion	34.83	34.79
Directors sitting fees and commision (refer note 37)	57.02	51.36
Loss on sale of property plant & equipments (net)	1.30	2.00
Foreign exchange loss, net	-	2.63
Allowances for expected credit loss	1.85	-
Provision for warranty	90.28	45.12
Miscellaneous expenses	223.78	228.47
Total other expenses	7,195.39	6,584.16

## **30 EXCEPTIONAL ITEM**

	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Costs incurred in relation to various acquisition opportunities (refer note 50)	192.85	87.16
	192.85	87.16

## **31 INCOME TAX EXPENSE**

	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Current tax	1,982.55	1,566.51
Tax related to previous years	(7.06)	(27.91)
Deferred tax charge/(credit)	10.98	(3.30)
Total Income Tax expense	1,986.47	1,535.30

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(Figures in Million INR, except per share data, unless stated otherwise)

a) The reconciliation of estimated income tax expense at statutory income tax rate to income tax expense reported in statement of profit and loss is as follows:

	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	year ended year ended
Profit before income tax expense	7,983.35	7,983.35 6,713.06
Income tax as per statement of profit and loss	1,986.47	1,986.47 1,535.30
Tax at the Indian tax rate of 25.17% (31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024: 25.17%)	2,009.17	2,009.17 1,689.47
Effect of non-deductible expenses	24.45	24.45 16.00
Tax effect of ESOP exercised	5.06	5.06 (119.91)
Difference in tax rate of subsidiary companies	(49.20)	(49.20) (69.27)
Others	(3.01)	(3.01) 19.00
Income tax expense (as per statement of profit and loss)	1,986.47	1,986.47 1,535.30

## **32 RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENSES**

	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Revenue expenditure charged to statement of profit and loss	378.72	369.75
Capital expenditure (refer note 4 and 5)*	762.72	423.38
Total research and development expenses	1,141.44	793.13

\* This includes development expenditure incurred on CWIP/intangible under development amounting to INR 518.68 million (31<sup>st</sup> March 2024: INR 83.36 million).

## **33 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS**

### a) Financial instruments by category

		As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025			As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024	
	FVTPL	FVOCI	Amortised cost	FVTPL	FVOCI	Amortised cost
Financial assets						
Trade receivables	-	-	7,051.93	-	-	6,482.63
Cash and bank balances	-	-	13,015.98	-	-	2,741.64
Other financial assets	-	-	5,631.87	-	-	117.66
Derivative financial assets	4.35	-	-	18.10	-	-
Non-current Investments	456.94	-	-	100.37	-	-
Current Investments	8,184.52	-	-	316.40	-	-
Total financial assets	8,645.80	-	25,699.78	434.87	-	9,341.93
Financial liabilities						
Borrowings	-	-	134.63	-	-	2,333.37
Trade payables	-	-	3,238.47	-	-	2,981.05
Other financial liabilities	-	-	1,569.11	-	-	1,551.96
Lease liabilities	-	-	1,887.74	-	-	1,790.75
Total financial liabilities	-	-	6,829.95	-	-	8,657.13

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(Figures in Million INR, except per share data, unless stated otherwise)

## Valuation technique to determine fair value

Cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, trade receivables, current investment, other current financial assets, trade payables, current borrowings and other current financial liabilities approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments. The fair value of the financial assets and liabilities is the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. For valuation techniqe to determine fair value of derivative financial assets refer note 48.

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## (b) Fair value hierarchy

To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the Company has classified its financial assets/liabilities into the three levels prescribed under the accounting standard. An explanation of each level follows underneath.

#### i) Assets and liabilities measured at fair value - recurring fair value measurements

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025			
Foreign exchange forward contracts-assets		4.35	-
Non-current investments- asset	-	-	456.94
Current investments- asset	8,184.52	-	-
Total financial assest	8,184.52	4.35	456.94
As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024			
Foreign exchange forward contracts-assets		18.10	-
Non-current investments - asset		-	100.37
Current investments - asset	316.40	-	-
Total financial assets	316.40	18.10	100.37

#### **Financial assets and liabilities:** ii)

	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Financial assets		
Trade receivables	7,051.93	6,482.63
Cash and bank balances	13,015.98	2,741.64
Other financial assets	5,631.87	117.66
Total financial assets	25,699.78	9,341.94
Financial liabilities		
Borrowings	134.63	2,333.37
Lease liabilities	3,238.47	2,981.05
Trade payable	1,569.11	1,551.96
Other financial liability	1,887.74	1,790.75
Total financial liabilities	6,829.95	8,657.13

All assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost have been classified as level 3, as prescribed under the accounting standard. An explanation of each level is given above.

### There are no transfers amongst levels during the year

Level 1: It includes financial instruments measured using quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices) observable market inputs other than Level 1 inputs; and

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025

(Figures in Million INR, except per share data, unless stated otherwise)

## **34 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Group's principal financial liabilities comprise loans and borrowings, trade payables and other financial liabilities. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to provide finance to the Group to support its operations. The Group's principal financial assets include loans, trade and other receivables; cash and bank balances etc. that derive directly from its operations.

The Group's activities expose it to the financial risk of market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group enters into a certain derivative financial instrument to manage its exposure to foreign currency. There have been no major changes to the Group's exposure to market risk or the manner in which it manages and measures the risk in recent past. The Group's senior management oversees the management of these risks. The Group's senior management ensures that the Group's financial risk activities are governed by appropriate policies and procedures and that financial risks are identified, measured and managed in accordance with the Group's policies and risk objectives.

## (A) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to discharge an obligation to the Group.

The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk is limited to the carrying amount of following types of financial assets.

- Cash and cash equivalents
- Trade receivables
- Loans carried at amortised cost, and
- Other financial assets
- Derivative financial assets

### (a) Credit Risk Management

### (i) Credit risk rating

The Group assesses and manages credit risk of financial assets based on following categories arrived on the basis of assumptions, inputs and factors specific to the class of financial assets.

- a) Low credit risk
- b) Moderate credit risk
- c) High credit risk

Based on business environment in which the Group operates, a default on a financial asset is considered when the counter party fails to make payments within the agreed time period as per contract. Loss rates reflecting defaults are based on actual credit loss experience and considering differences between current and historical economic conditions.

Assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as a debtor declaring bankruptcy or a litigation decided against the Group. The Group continues to engage with parties whose balances are written off and attempts to enforce repayment. Recoveries made are recognised in statement of profit and loss.

The Group provides for expected credit loss based on the following:

Asset group	Categorisation of items	Provision for expenses credit loss
Low credit risk	Cash and cash balances, loans, other financial assets and derivative financial assets	12 month expected credit loss/life time expected credit loss
Moderate credit risk	Trade receivables	Other financial assets-12 month expected credit loss,unless credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, in which case allowance is measured at lifetime expected credit loss.
High credit risk	Other financial assets	Other financial assets-lifetime expected credit loss (when there is a significant deterioration), or specific provision, whichever is higher.

In respect of trade receivables that result from contracts with customers, loss allowance is always measured at lifetime expected credit losses.

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#### Financial assets that expose the entity to credit risk -

Credit rating	Particulars	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Low credit risk	Cash and bank balances	13,015.98	2,741.64
	Other financial assets	5,631.87	117.66
	Derivative financial assets	4.35	18.10
Moderate credit risk	Trade receivables*	7,051.93	6,482.63

\*These represent carrying values of financial assets, without deduction for expected credit losses.

#### Cash & cash equivalents and bank deposits

Credit risk related to cash and cash equivalents and bank deposits is managed by only accepting highly rated banks and diversifying bank deposits and accounts in different banks across the country. In respect of derivative assets, the credit risk is considered negligible as counterparties are banks.

### Trade receivables

To mitigate the credit risk related to trade receivables, the Group closely monitors the credit-worthiness of the trade receivables through internal systems that are configured to define credit limits of customers, thereby, limiting the credit risk to pre-calculated amounts. The Group assesses increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis for amounts receivable that become past due and default is considered to have occurred when amounts receivable become past due. Considering the nature of trade receivables, and group history of credit with those receivables, group has rebutted the presumption of having significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition for financial assets which are more than 30 days past due.

## (b) Expected credit losses for financial assets (other than trade receivables)

### i) Financial assets (other than trade receivables)

Group provides for expected credit losses on loans and advances other than trade receivables by assessing individual financial instruments for expectation of any credit losses.

For loans comprising security deposits paid - Credit risk is considered low because the Group is in possession of the underlying asset.

For other financial assets - Credit risk is evaluated based on Group knowledge of the Credit worthiness of those parties and loss allowance is measured. Since this category includes loans and receivables of varied natures and purpose, there is no trend that the Group can draw to apply consistently to entire population. For such financial assets, the Group policy is to provide for 12 month expected credit losses upon initial recognition and provide for lifetime expected credit losses upon significant increase in credit risk. The Group does not have any expected loss based impairment recognised on such assets.

### ii) Expected credit loss for trade receivables under simplified approach

The Group recognises lifetime expected credit losses on trade receivables using a simplified approach. In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Group uses expected credit loss model to assess the impairment loss. The Group uses a provision matrix to compute the expected credit loss allowance of trade receivables. The provision matrix takes into account available external and internal credit risk factors such as default risk of industry, historical experience for customers etc. However, the allowance for lifetime expected credit loss on customer balances for the year ended 31st March 2025, and for the year ended 31st March 2024 is insignificant.

### **Reconciliation of loss allowance**

	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
At the beginning of year	5.07	51.26
Movement during the year	0.00	(46.19)
Total expected credit loss allowance*	5.07	5.07

\* This amount of expected credit loss allowance has been created on trade receivables aged more than 90 days as on reporting date.

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025

(Figures in Million INR, except per share data, unless stated otherwise)

### (B) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Group will not be able to settle or meet its obligations on time or at reasonable price. The Group's objective is to at all times maintain optimum levels of liquidity to meet its cash and liquidity requirements. The Group closely monitors its liquidity position and maintains adequate source of financing through the use of short-term bank deposits, demand loans and cash credit facility. Processes and policies related to such risks are overseen by senior management.

## (i) Maturities of financial liabilities

The table below provides details regarding the non-derivative financial liabilities have contractual undiscounted maturities as summarised below:

	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025				
Borrowings	-	-	-	-
Trade payables	3,238.47	-	-	3,238.47
Other financial liabilities	1,566.87	2.24	-	1,569.11
Lease liabilities	248.19	1,113.45	1,655.13	3,016.77
Total	5,053.53	1,115.69	1,655.13	7,824.35

	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024				
Borrowings	2,038.55	292.04	-	2,330.59
Trade payables	2,981.05		-	2,981.05
Other financial liabilities	1,554.74		-	1,554.74
Lease liabilities	256.68	939.63	1,855.51	3,051.82
Total	6,831.02	1,231.67	1,855.51	9,918.21

### (C) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: currency rate risk, interest rate risk and other price risks, such as equity price risk and commodity price risk. Financial instruments affected by market risks include loans and borrowings, deposits and foreign currency receivables and payables. The sensitivity of the relevant profit and loss item is the effect of the assumed changes in the respective market risks. This is based on the financial assets and financial liabilities.

### (i) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company is exposed to risk of changes in borrowing rates. The Board continuously monitors the prevailing interest rates in the market.

### Interest rate risk exposure

The exposure of the Company's borrowing to interest rate changes at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

Particulars	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Variable rate borrowings	134.63	2,330.58
Fixed rate borrowings	-	-
Total borrowings	134.63	2,330.58

### Sensitivity

Profit or loss is sensitive to higher/lower interest expense from borrowings as a result of changes in interest rates.

Impact on profit after tax/other components of Equity	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Interest rate increase by 1.00% (31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024: 1.00%)*	9.22	16.86
Interest rate decrease by 1.00% (31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024: 1.00%)*	(9.22)	(16.86)

\* Holding other variables constant, net of tax.

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Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(Figures in Million INR, except per share data, unless stated otherwise)

## (ii) Foreign currency risk

The Parent company operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from foreign currency transactions, primarily with respect to the trade receivables and payables. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities denominated in a currency that is not the Company's functional currency (INR).

The Company's exposure to foreign currency risk at the end of the reporting period expressed as follows

Foreign currency	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025 <b>31<sup>st</sup> March</b>	As at 1 2024
Trade receivables and others		
United States Dollar (USD)	39.17	44.31
Euro (EUR)	8.17	3.69
Serbian Dinar (RSD)	1.80	-
RMB	8.78	1.72
Others	2.25	-
Trade/other payables		
United States Dollar (USD)	2.44	2.85
Euro (EUR)	7.53	9.31
Japanese Yen (JPY)	157.93 2	64.79
Canadian Dollar (CAD)^	-	0.00
Swiss Franc (CHF)	0.03	0.01
Serbian Dinar (RSD)	257.74 8	39.36
Mexican Pesos (MXP)	6.72	5.45
RMB	10.15	0.77
Others	0.39	0.03

Indian Rupee (INR)	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Trade receivables and others		
United States Dollar (USD)	3,348.33	3,695.57
Euro (EUR)	752.59	331.97
Serbian Dinar (RSD)	1.42	-
RMB	100.80	19.76
Others	2.98	-
Trade payables		
United States Dollar (USD)	208.71	238.00
Euro (EUR)	693.48	836.82
Japanese Yen (JPY)	89.64	145.82
Canadian Dollar (CAD)^	-	0.13
Swiss Franc (CHF)	2.81	1.27
Serbian Dinar (RSD)	202.97	643.54
Mexican Pesos (MXP)	33.74	27.38
RMB	116.51	8.84
Others	6.56	2.93
^Pounded off to Nil		

^Rounded off to Nil

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Outstanding forward contracts as at the reporting date (Million USD)- Receivable	109.55	132.65
Outstanding forward contracts as at the reporting date (Million EURO)- Receivable	20.81	20.91
Outstanding forward contracts as at the reporting date (Million JPY)- Payable	97.37	244.58
Outstanding forward contracts as at the reporting date (Million EUR)-Payable	8.00	15.96
Outstanding forward contracts as at the reporting date (INR in million)- Receivable	9,451.55	11,150.42
Outstanding forward contracts as at the reporting date (INR in million)- Receivable	1,969.65	1,937.05
Outstanding forward contracts as at the reporting date (INR in million)- Payable	57.79	144.01
Outstanding forward contracts as at the reporting date (INR in million)- Payable	761.71	1,493.08

(Figures in Million INR, except per share data, unless stated otherwise)

### Sensitivity

The sensitivity of profit or loss to changes in the exchange rates arises mainly from foreign currency denominated financial instruments:-

Impact on profit after tax/Equity	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Net currency receivables/(payables)		
USD sensitivity		
INR /USD- increase by 1.00% (31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024: 1.00%)*	23.49	25.87
INR /USD- decrease by 1.00% (31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024: 1.00%)*	(23.49)	(25.87)
EUR sensitivity		
INR /EURO- increase by 1.00% (31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024: 1.00%)*	0.44	(3.78)
INR /EURO- decrease by 1.00% (31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024: 1.00%)*	(0.44)	3.78
JPY sensitivity		
INR /JPY- increase by 1.00% (31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024: 1.00%)*	(0.67)	(1.09)
INR /JPY- decrease by 1.00% (31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024: 1.00%)*	0.67	1.09
RMB sensitivity		
INR /RMB- increase by 1.00% (31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024: 1.00%)*	(0.12)	0.08
INR /RMB- decrease by 1.00% (31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024: 1.00%)*	0.12	(0.08)
CAD sensitivity		
INR /CAD- increase by 1.00% (31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024: 1.00%)*	-	(0.00)
INR /CAD- decrease by 1.00% (31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024: 1.00%)*	-	0.00
MXP sensitivity		
INR /MXP- increase by 1.00% (31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024: 1.00%)*	(0.25)	(0.20)
INR /MXP decrease by 1.00% (31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024: 1.00%)*	0.25	0.20
CHF sensitivity		
INR /CHF- increase by 1.00% (31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024: 1.00%)*	(0.02)	(0.01)
INR /CHF- decrease by 1.00% (31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024: 1.00%)*	0.02	0.01
RSD sensitivity		
INR /RSD- increase by 1.00% (31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024: 1.00%)*	(1.52)	(4.82)
INR /RSD- decrease by 1.00% (31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024: 1.00%)*	1.52	4.82

 $^{\ast}~$  Holding other variables constant , net of tax

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## **35 CAPITAL MANAGEMENT**

For the purposes of the Group's capital management, capital includes equity attributable to the equity holders of the Company and all other equity reserves. The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to ensure that it maintains an efficient capital structure and maximise shareholder value. The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders or issue new shares. The Group is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

The Group monitors capital using net debt to equity ratio, which is net debt (as reduced by cash and cash equivalent) divided by total equity.

	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Long-term borrowings including current maturities (refer note 16)	79.70	486.75
Short-term borrowings (refer note 16)	54.92	1,843.84
Less: Cash and cash equivalents (refer note 12)	(10,475.11)	(910.05)
Net debts *	(10,340.49)	1,420.53
Equity share capital (refer note 14)	6,217.18	5,864.48
Other equity (refer note 15)	48,730.52	20,638.80
Total equity	54,947.70	26,503.27
Net Gearing ratio	(18.82%)	5.36%

\* Excluding lease liabilities

Dividends	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Equity share		
Final dividend of INR 1.53 per each 58,64,60,546 equity share	897.28	
Interim dividend of INR 1.60 per each 62,17,17,975 equity share	994.76	
Final dividend of INR 1.53 per each 585,415,582 equity share	-	895.68
Interim dividend of INR 1.53 per each 58,64,41,810 equity share	-	897.26
	1,892.04	1,792.94

The Board of Directors of the Company in its meeting held on 30<sup>th</sup> April 2025 has recommended final dividend of INR 1.60/- i.e (16.00%) per equity share of the Company having face value of INR 10/- each for the financial year 2024-2025, subject to approval from shareholders.

## **36 SEGMENT INFORMATION**

The Group's operating business is organised and managed according to a single primary reportable business segment namely "Automotive Components".

## Information about geographical areas

The Group's revenue disaggregated by primary geographical markets is as follows:

	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
India	13,142.90	11,797.43
Outside India	20,984.53	19,022.06
Total	34,127.43	30,819.49

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Revenue outside India	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
North America	13,369.84	11,043.96
Europe	6,413.18	6,729.74
Asia (Excluding India)	1,151.00	1,094.86
Others	50.51	153.50
	20,984.53	19,022.06
Customers exceeding 10% of total revenue	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
No of customers exceeding 10% of total revenue	2	2
Total revenue of such customers (INR million)	10,155.96	9,471.05

(Figures in Million INR, except per share data, unless stated otherwise)

The Group's non-current assets (property, plant and equipment, right of use assets, capital work-in-progress, intangible assets, Intangible assets under development and goodwill) are located into the following geographical regions:

	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
India	19,277.90	17,430.46
North America	796.33	654.90
Europe	4,905.48	4,734.64
Others	487.30	321.87
	25,467.01	23,141.87

## **37 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES**

In accordance with the requirement of Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 24 "Related Party Disclosures", name of the related parties, related party relationships, transactions and outstanding balances including commitments where control exist and with whom transactions have taken place during the reported period are as follows:

## (a) Names of related parties and nature of relationship

### (i) The entity having substantial interest in the Company

Aureus Investment Private Limited (formerly known as Sona Autocomp Holding Private Limited)

#### (iv) Key Management Personnel

Name	Designation
Mr. Vivek Vikram Singh	Managing Director & Group CEO
Mr. Vadapalli Vikram Verma	Whole Time Director and Chief Executive Officer (Driveline Business) (w.e.f. 24 <sup>th</sup> January 2025)
Mr. Sat Mohan Gupta	Chief Executive Officer (Motor business)
Mr. Rohit Nanda	Group Chief Financial Officer
Mr. Ajay Pratap Singh	Senior Vice President (Legal) & Company Secretary
Non-Executive Directors	
Mr. Sunjay Kapur	Chairman and Non-Executive Director
Mr. Prasan Abhaykumar Firodia	Independent director ( till 23 <sup>rd</sup> October 2024)
Mr Subbu Venkata Rama Behara	Independent director ( till 4 <sup>th</sup> July 2024)
Mr. Amit Dixit	Director ( till 11 <sup>th</sup> December 2024)
Mr. Ganesh Mani	Director( till 19 <sup>th</sup> July 2023)
Mrs Shradha Suri	Independent director
Mr. Jeffrey Mark Overly	Independent Director

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Name	Designation
Mrs. Manisha Girotra	Independent Director (w.e.f. 1 <sup>st</sup> January 2024)
Mr. Pradip M Kanakia	Independent Director (w.e.f. 1 <sup>st</sup> July 2024)
Mr. Karamendra Daulet Singh	Independent Director (w.e.f. 24 <sup>th</sup> October 2024)
Mr. Vineet Mittal	Independent Director (w.e.f. 24 <sup>th</sup> January 2025)
Relative of KMP	
Mr. Tanay Gupta	Son of Mr. Sat Mohan Gupta

## (iii) Promoter Group

Rani Kapur - RK Family Trust

Raghuvanshi Investment Private Limited

Charu Sachdev

Jasbir Sachdev

Ashok Sachdev

### (i) Entity having substantial interest

Transactions	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Dividend paid		
Aureus Investment Private Limited ( formerly known as Sona Autocomp Holding Private Limited)	545.27	533.08

### (ii) Key Management Personnel \*

Transactions	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Managerial remuneration		
Mr. Vivek Vikram Singh	32.44	36.36
Mr. Vadapalli Vikram Verma	29.37	37.28
Mr. Rohit Nanda	30.89	30.20
Mr. Sat Mohan Gupta	22.85	24.83
Mr. Ajay Pratap Singh	10.75	10.06
Remuneration to relative of KMP		
Mr. Tanay Gupta	14.18	1.32
Issue of equity shares under ESOP Scheme		
Mr. Vivek Vikram Singh	140.39	8.46
Mr. Vadapalli Vikram Verma	50.90	6.10
Mr. Rohit Nanda	-	4.57
Mr. Ajay Pratap Singh	4.19	1.83
Mr. Sat Mohan Gupta	-	6.10
Share-based payment charged in profit and loss account		
Mr. Vivek Vikram Singh	60.83	25.07
Mr. Vadapalli Vikram Verma	38.70	16.09
Mr. Rohit Nanda	30.98	12.82
Mr. Sat Mohan Gupta	38.70	16.09
Mr. Ajay Pratap Singh	11.84	4.85
Mr. Tanay Gupta	1.38	0.53

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(Figures in Million INR, except per share data, unless stated otherwise)

Director Sitting Fee         Image: Strengthy Strength	0.12 0.07 0.15 0.48 0.21 0.21 0.04 0.14	0.36 0.28 0.07 0.38 0.20
Ar. B.V.R. Subbu     Image: Subscript a strict a	0.07 0.15 0.48 0.21 0.21 0.04	0.28 0.07 0.38
Ars. Manisha Girotra     Image: Ars. Shradha Suri       Arr. Jeffrey Mark Overly     Image: Ars. Shradha Suri       Arr. Pradip Manilal Kanakia     Image: Ars. Shradha Suri       Art. Pradip Manilal Kanakia     Image: Ars. Shradha Suri       Art. Vineet Mittal     Image: Ars. Shradha Suri       Art. Karamendra Daulet Singh     Image: Ars. Sunjay Kapur       Arr. Sunjay Kapur     Image: Ars. Sunjay Kapur       Arr. Vineet Mittal     Image: Ars. Sunja	0.15 0.48 0.21 0.21 0.04	0.07
Ar. Jeffrey Mark Overly     Image: Shradha Suri       Ars. Shradha Suri     Image: Shradha Suri       Ar. Pradip Manilal Kanakia     Image: Shradha Suri       Art. Vineet Mittal     Image: Shradha Suri       Art. Karamendra Daulet Singh     Image: Shradha Suri       Commission     Image: Shradha Suri       Ar. Sunjay Kapur     Image: Shradha Suri       Ar. Sunjay Kapur     Image: Shradha Suri       Ar. Jeffrey Mark Overly     Image: Shradha Suri       Ar. Sunjay Kapur     Image: Shradha Suri       Ar. Shradha Suri     Image: Shradha Suri       Ar. Shradha Suri     Image: Shradha Suri       Ar. Karamendra Daulet Singh     Image: Shradha Suri       Ar. Vineet Mittal     Image: Shradha Suri       Ar. Sat Mohan Gupta     Image: Shradha Suri       Ar. Shradha Suri     Image: Shradha Suri       Ar. Shradha Suri     Image: Shradha Suri       Atan Kapur - RK Family	0.48 0.21 0.21 0.04	0.38
Ars. Shradha Suri       Image: Arright Manilal Kanakia         Arr. Pradip Manilal Kanakia       Image: Arright Manilal Kanakia         Art.Vineet Mittal       Image: Arright Manilal Kanakia         Arr. Karamendra Daulet Singh       Image: Arright Manilal Kanakia         Commission       Image: Arright Manilal Kanakia         Arr. Sunjay Kapur       Image: Arright Manilal Kanakia Girotra         Arr. Jeffrey Mark Overly       Image: Arright Manilal Kanakia Girotra         Arr. B.V.R. Subbu       Image: Arright Manilal Kanakia         Arr. B.V.R. Subbu       Image: Arright Manilal Kanakia         Arr. Pradip Manilal Kanakia       Image: Arright Manilal Kanakia         Arr. Vineet Mittal       Image: Arright Manilal Kanakia <t< td=""><td>0.21 0.21 0.04</td><td></td></t<>	0.21 0.21 0.04	
Ar. Pradip Manilal Kanakia       Image: Comparison of the comp	0.21	0.20
Ar. Vineet Mittal       Image: Commission       Im	0.04	0.20
Ar. Karamendra Daulet Singh       Image: Commission         Commission       Image: Commission         Ar. Sunjay Kapur       Image: Commission         Ar. Sunjay Kapur       Image: Commission         Ar. Sunjay Kapur       Image: Commission         Ar. Jeffrey Mark Overly       Image: Commission         Ar. Jeffrey Mark Overly       Image: Commission         Ar. Sunjay Kapur       Image: Commission         Ar. B.V.R. Subbu       Image: Commission         Ar. B.V.R. Subbu       Image: Commission         Ar. B.V.R. Subbu       Image: Commission         Ar. Shradha Suri       Image: Commission         Ar. Vineet Mittal       Image: Commission         Ar. Vineet Vikram Singh       Image: Commission         Ar. Ajay Pratap Singh       Image: Com		-
Commission       Image: Commission         Ar. Sunjay Kapur       Image: Commission         Ar. Jeffrey Mark Overly       Image: Commission         Ar. Jeffrey Mark Overly       Image: Commission         Ars. Manisha Girotra       Image: Commission         Ars. Manisha Girotra       Image: Commission         Ars. Manisha Girotra       Image: Commission         Ars. Subbu       Image: Commission         Ar. B.V.R. Subbu       Image: Commission         Ar. Shradha Suri       Image: Commission         Ar. Viaet Mittal       Image: Commission         Ar. Vadapalli Vikram Verma       Image: Commission         Ar. Viaek Vikram Singh       Image: Commission         Ar. Ajay Pratap Singh       Image: Commission         Ar. Ajay Pratap Singh       Image: Commission         Ar. Sat Mohan Gupta       Image: Commission         Ars. Shradha Suri       Image: Commission         Rani Kapur - RK Family Trust       Image: Commission         Rani Kapur - RK Family Trust       Image: Commission         Rani Kapur - RK Family Trust       Image: Commission         Cha	0.14	-
Ar. Sunjay Kapur       Image: Sunjay Kapur         Ar. Jeffrey Mark Overly       Image: Sunjay Kapur         Ars. Manisha Girotra       Image: Sunjay Kapur         Ars. Manisha Girotra       Image: Sunjay Kapur         Ar. B.V.R. Subbu       Image: Sunjay Kapur         Ar. B.V.R. Subbu       Image: Sunjay Kapur         Ar. Shradha Suri       Image: Sunjay Kapur         Ar. Pradip Manilal Kanakia       Image: Sunjay Kapur         Ar. Pradip Manilal Kanakia       Image: Sunjay Kapur         Ar. Vineet Mittal       Image: Sunjay Kapur         Ar. Vineet Mittal       Image: Sunjay Kapur         Ar. Prasan Abhaykumar Firodia       Image: Sunjay Kapur         Dividend paid       Image: Sunjay Kapur         Ar. Vadapalli Vikram Verma       Image: Sunjay Pratap Singh         Ar. Sat Mohan Gupta       Image: Sunjay Pratap Singh         Ar. Sat Mohan Gupta       Image: Sunjay Fust         Rani Kapur - RK Family Trust       Image: Sunjay Fust         Raghuvanshi Investment Private Limited       Image: Sunjay	<b>-</b> ···	-
Ar. Jeffrey Mark Overly       Image: Arr. Set		
Ars. Manisha Girotra       Image: Ars. Manisha Girotra         Ar. B.V.R. Subbu       Image: Ars. Subbu         Ar. B.V.R. Subbu       Image: Ars. Subbu         Ar. Shradha Suri       Image: Ars. Subbu         Ar. Pradip Manilal Kanakia       Image: Ars. Subbu         Ar. Vineet Mittal       Image: Ars. Subbu         Ar. Vivek Vikram Verma       Image: Ars. Subbu         Ar. Vivek Vikram Singh       Image: Ars. Subbu         Ar. Sat Mohan Gupta       Image: Ars. Subbu         Ars. Shradha Suri       Image: Ars. Shradha Suri         Raghuvanshi Investment Private Limited       Image: Ars. Subbu         Charu Sachdev       Image: Ars. Subbu	24.00	24.00
Ar. B.V.R. Subbu       Image: Shradha Suri         Ar. Shradha Suri       Image: Shradha Suri         Ar. Pradip Manilal Kanakia       Image: Shradha Suri         Ar. Karamendra Daulet Singh       Image: Shradha Suri         Ar. Vineet Mittal       Image: Shradha Suri         Ar. Vineet Mittal       Image: Shradha Suri         Ar. Vivek Vikram Singh       Image: Shradha Suri         Ar. Sat Mohan Gupta       Image: Shradha Suri         Ars. Shradha Suri       Image: Shradha Suri         Rani Kapur - RK Family Trust       Image: Schedev         Charu Sachdev       Image: Schedev	8.56	8.20
Ar. Shradha Suri       Image: Constraint of the strength of the streng	5.50	1.38
Ar. Pradip Manilal Kanakia       Image: Arrange Andrew Andre	1.43	5.50
Ar. Karamendra Daulet Singh       Image: Constraint of the state of t	5.50	5.50
Ar. Vineet Mittal       Image: Constraint of the second of t	4.13	-
Ar. Prasan Abhaykumar Firodia       Image: Constraint of the second	2.40	-
Dividend paid       Image: Constraint of the second s	1.01	-
Ar. Vadapalli Vikram Verma       Image: Constraint of the second se	3.10	5.50
Ar. Vivek Vikram Singh       Image: Constraint of the second		
Mr. Ajay Pratap Singh       Image: Constraint of the second	1.02	0.95
Ar. Sat Mohan Gupta       Image: Comparison of the second se	0.90	0.59
Ars. Shradha Suri Ars. Shradha Suri Aani Kapur - RK Family Trust Aaghuvanshi Investment Private Limited Charu Sachdev	0.05	0.03
Rani Kapur - RK Family Trust Raghuvanshi Investment Private Limited Charu Sachdev	0.69	0.66
Raghuvanshi Investment Private Limited	#	#
Charu Sachdev	#	-
	#	-
ashir Sachdou	#	-
	#	-
Ashok Sachdev	#	-
Sale of Vehicle		
/r. Rohit Nanda	0.20	-
Ar. Vadapalli Vikram Verma	-	0.31
Ar. Kiran Manohar Deshmukh		0.57
Ar. Sat Mohan Gupta	-	1.01

\* Break- up of Key management personnel remuneration

	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Short-term employee benefits	126.31	140.05

\* Including provident fund and any other benefit.

\* Gratuity and leave encashment amounts accrued attributable to key management personnel cannot be separately determined and hence not included in transactions above.

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Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(Figures in Million INR, except per share data, unless stated otherwise)

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Note-1 The shareholders, in the Annual General Meeting (AGM) held on 9<sup>th</sup> September 2021 had approved the Exit Return Incentive (ERI) Plan for payment of awards by Singapore VII Topco III PTE. Ltd.. (Singapore VII) to certain identified employees of the Group. Accordingly, Singapore VII has made payment of awards to such identified employees between 5<sup>th</sup> April 2024 and 22<sup>nd</sup> April 2024. There is however no financial impact of such payments on the Company.

Note-2 The Company holds more than 20% in Clean Max Calypso Private Limited and Clean Max Nova Private Limited. However, the Company does not exercise significant influence or control on decisions of the investees. Hence, not being construed as associate company. These investment is included in "Note 6: Investments" under Investment measured at fair value through Profit & Loss account in the financial statements.

Note-3 The Company has reimbursed INR 6.70 million (March 31st 2024: INR 7.45 million) to its directors during the year.

<sup>#</sup> Number less than INR 50,000

#### (c) Details of balances with related parties at year end

#### (i) Key Management Personnel

Balances as at year end	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Payables		
Mr. Vivek Vikram Singh	9.85	15.98
Mr. Rohit Nanda	8.69	10.50
Mr. Vadapalli Vikram Verma	7.87	15.13
Mr. Ajay Pratap Singh	2.96	3.49
Mr. Sat Mohan Gupta	4.01	7.49
Mr. Tanay Gupta	-	0.18

### Terms and conditions

All the transactions were made on normal commercial terms and conditions and at market rates. All outstanding balances are unsecured.

## **38 EARNINGS PER SHARE**

	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Total profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company used for basic and diluted earnings per share (A)	6,012.13	5,172.67
Total number of equity shares at the beginning of the year	586,447,778	585,404,582
Issue of shares	35,270,197	1,043,196
Total number of equity shares at the end of the year	6,217,17,975	586,447,778
Effect of exercise of share options (refer note 45)	17,381	60,718
Total number of equity shares (including options) at the end of the year	621,735,356	586,508,496
Weighted average number of equity shares used as the denominator in calculating basic earnings per share	606,025,908	585,855,017
Weighted average number of equity shares used as the denominator in calculating basic earnings per share (B)	606,025,908	585,855,017
Effect of exercise of share options	17,381	60,718
Weighted average number of equity shares used as the denominator in calculating diluted earnings per share (C)	606,043,289	585,915,735
Nominal Value per share (in INR )	10.00	10.00
(a) Basic earnings per share (in INR )	9.92	8.83
(b) Diluted earnings per share (in INR )	9.92	8.83

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

## **39 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

(Figures in Million INR, except per share data, unless stated otherwise)

## A Defined contribution plans:

		For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
a)	Provident fund	149.90	127.74
b)	Employees state insurance corporation	0.18	0.36
c)	Labour welfare fund	0.43	0.39
d)	Super annuation	2.05	1.89
e)	National Pension Scheme	20.37	15.72
		172.93	146.10

### **B** Defined benefit plans:

#### (i) Gratuity

The Parent Company operates post retirement defined benefit plan for retirement gratuity, which is funded. The Holding Company through the gratuity trust has taken group gratuity policy of Life Insurance Corporation of India Gratuity Scheme.

Details of changes and obligation under the defined benefit plan is given as below:-

#### *I* Expense recognised in the statement of profit and loss

		For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
(i)	Current service cost	31.35	26.85
(ii)	Interest cost	23.57	20.90
(iii)	Expected return on plan assets	(19.30)	(18.37)
	Net expense recognised in the statement of profit and loss	35.62	29.38

### II Remeasurement (gain)/loss recognised in other comprehensive income

		For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
(i)	Actuarial changes arising from changes in demographic assumptions	1.30	4.21
(ii)	Actuarial changes arising from changes in financial assumptions	0.86	4.47
(iii)	Actuarial changes arising from changes in experience adjustments	10.14	14.98
(iv)	Return on plan assets greater than discount rate	(1.07)	(0.29)
	Net expense recognised in other comprehensive income	11.23	23.37

#### III Changes in obligation

		For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
(i)	Opening balance	362.22	297.42
(ii)	Current service cost	31.35	26.85
(iii)	Interest cost	23.57	20.90
(iv)	Actuarial (gain)/loss	12.30	23.66
(v)	Benefit payments from plan assets	(10.55)	(6.61)
(vi)	Present value of obligation as at year end	0.35	-
		419.25	362.22

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# **Notes**

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(Figures in Million INR, except per share data, unless stated otherwise)

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*IV* Changes in plan assets

		For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
(i) Fair v	alue of plan assets as at the beginning of the period	291.80	256.70
(ii) Intere	st income	19.30	18.37
(iii) Contr	butions by employer	37.20	23.06
(iii) Benef	it payments from plan assets	(9.66)	(6.61)
(iv) Actua	rial gain on plan assets	1.01	0.29
(v) Transt	er of employees from erstwhile related party	0.35	-
Fair v	alue of plan assets	340.00	291.80

### V Net assets/liabilities

		For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
(i)	Present value of obligation at the end of the year	419.24	362.22
(ii)	Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year	340.00	291.80
(iii)	Net liabilities recognised in the balance sheet		
	- Non-current	79.00	70.14
	- Current	0.28	0.27

### VI Experience adjustment

	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Experience adjustment loss on plan liabilities	3.87	6.14

### VII Investment details

The Parent Company has invested in gratuity funds which is administered through Life Insurance Corporation of India. The detail of investment maintained by Life Insurance Corporation are not made available to the Parent Company and have therefore not been disclosed.

### VIII Principal actuarial assumptions (Gratuity and Compensated absence)

	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Discount rate (per annum)	6.40%-6.70%	7.15%-7.30%
Expected increase in salary costs (per annum)	8.00-10.00%	8.00-10.00%
Attrition rate	15.00-16.00%	15.00-16.00%
Mortality	IALM 2012-14 Ultimate	IALM 2012-14 Ultimate
Retirement age	58 and 60 years	58 and 60 years

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025

(Figures in Million INR, except per share data, unless stated otherwise)

### IX Quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumptions is as below:

The sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to changes in the weighted principal assumptions are:

	Impact on defined benefit obligation		
	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024	
Delta effect of +1% change in rate of discounting	(15.16)	(12.79)	
Delta effect of -1% change in rate of discounting	16.37	13.79	
Delta effect of +1% change in rate of salary increase	15.98	13.49	
Delta effect of -1% change in rate of salary increase	(15.04)	(12.71)	

### X Maturity profile of defined benefit obligation (undiscounted)

Particulars	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Within the next 12 months (next annual reporting period)	48.90	59.88
Between 2 and 5 years	134.57	190.87
Between 6 and 10 years	113.01	161.23
Total expected payments	296.48	411.97

XI The average duration of the defined benefit plan obligation at the end of the reporting period is 5 - 7 years (31<sup>st</sup> March 2024: 4 - 6.27 years)

- XII The estimates of rate of escalation in salary considered in actuarial valuation are after taking into account inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors including supply and demand in the employment market. The above information is as certified by the Actuary. The sensitivity analysis above have been determined based on a method that extrapolates the impact on defined benefit obligation as a result of reasonable changes in key assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period. The expected contribution to the plan is expected to be similar to that of current year.
- XIII Plan is governed by the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. Under the Gratuity Act, employees are entitled to specific benefit at the time of retirement or termination of the employment on completion of five years or death while in employement. The level of benefit provided depends on the member's length of service and salary at the time of retirement/ termination age

## **40 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts		
Service tax		
Cases pending before Appellate authorities in respect of which the Company has filed appeals. (FY 2005-06 to 2007-08)	0.47	0.47
Income Tax *		
Cases pending before Transfer pricing officer (AY-2013-14)	2.12	2.12
Cases pending before Transfer pricing officer (AY-2016-17)	2.98	2.74
Cases pending before CIT in respect of which the Company has filed appeal (AY-2017-18)**	97.66	90.85
Demand raised by AO for which company intend to file appeal with CIT - Appeal for AY 2018-19	8.07	7.15
Central Excise Act, 1944		
Case pending before Directorate General of Goods And Service Tax Intelligence in respect of which the Compay has filed appeals. (FY 2014-15 to FY 2017-18)	-	0.61
Goods and Services tax Act		
Writ petition filed before high court***	281.97	281.97
	Service tax Cases pending before Appellate authorities in respect of which the Company has filed appeals. (FY 2005-06 to 2007-08) Income Tax * Cases pending before Transfer pricing officer (AY-2013-14) Cases pending before Transfer pricing officer (AY-2016-17) Cases pending before CIT in respect of which the Company has filed appeal (AY-2017-18)** Demand raised by AO for which company intend to file appeal with CIT - Appeal for AY 2018-19 Central Excise Act, 1944 Case pending before Directorate General of Goods And Service Tax Intelligence in respect of which the Company has filed appeals. (FY 2014-15 to FY 2017-18) Goods and Services tax Act	Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debtsImage: Company against the Company not acknowledged as debtsService taxImage: Company against the Company has filed appeals.Cases pending before Appellate authorities in respect of which the Company has filed appeals.0.47(FY 2005-06 to 2007-08)0.47Income Tax *Image: Company before Transfer pricing officer (AY-2013-14)Cases pending before Transfer pricing officer (AY-2016-17)2.98Cases pending before CIT in respect of which the Company has filed appeal (AY-2017-18)**97.66Demand raised by AO for which company intend to file appeal with CIT - Appeal for AY 2018-198.07Case pending before Directorate General of Goods And Service Tax Intelligence in respect of which the Company has filed appealsGoods and Services tax ActImage: Company and Service Tax Intelligence in respect of which the Company has filed appeals

\*Amount paid under protest of INR 17.47 million (31st March 2024: INR 17.47 million)

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## **Notes**

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(Figures in Million INR, except per share data, unless stated otherwise) \*\* Total disputed amount of the case is INR 106.29 million(31<sup>st</sup> March 2024: INR 99.48 million) (including interest liability) out of which INR 8.63 million (31<sup>st</sup> March 2024:INR 8.63 million) (including interest liability) has been provided as a provision and balance amount is being disclosed as a contingent liability.

\*\*\* Writ Petition challenging vires of Rule 96(10) of CGST Rules 2017, Based on professional advice, the Company believes that the case will be decided in their favour and hence no provision has been considered.

As hearing date has not yet been set and therefore it is not practicable to state the timing of the payment, if any.

- b) There are labour cases pending before High Court and Labour Commissioner/Officer. The Company has been legally advised that the cases filed by the employees are not sustainable in law and accordingly no provision has been made therefore. Moreover no monetary claim was filed or is pending.
- c) Duty paid and related export obligation status with respect to EPCG licenses which is six times of the duty saved, obtained by the Group are as under:

	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Export obligation pending	1,580.30	2,684.22

## **41 COMMITMENTS**

## (a) Capital commitments

	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Estimated amount of contracts to be executed on capital account not provided for (net of advances)	700.08	1,597.56
	700.08	1,597.56

The Board of the Company in its meeting held on 10<sup>th</sup> February 2025 has approved execution of an agreement for purchase of plot of land measuring 33,423 (thirty three thousand four hundred twenty three) square yards equivalent to 27,945.89 (twenty seven thousand nine hundred forty five point eight eight five) square meters forming part of the industrial plot bearing no. 115 and half of plot no. 114 located in Sector 24, Faridabad, Haryana from Escort Kubota, adjacent to the land of Railway Equipment Division ("RED") business of Escorts Kubota, for total consideration of INR 1100 million, which may help in its future expansion plans.

## 42 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AS REQUIRED BY PARAGRAPH 2 OF THE GENERAL INSTRUCTION FOR THE PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS PER SCHEDULE III OF COMPANIES ACT 2013:

#### 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025

	Net assets i.e. minus total		Share in prof	it and (loss)	Share in o comprehensiv		Share in t comprehensiv	
	As a % of consolidated net assets	Amount (INR million)	As a % of consolidated net profit	Amount (INR million)	As a % of consolidated other comprehensive income	Amount (INR million)	As a % of consolidated total comprehensive income	Amount (INR million)
Holding Company								
Sona BLW Precision Forgings Limited	95.58%	53,951.28	96.66%	5,796.88	14.28%	6.08	96.08%	5,802.96
Subsidiaries- India								
Comstar Automotive Technology Services Private Limited	0.25%	143.49	0.53%	32.00	(0.09%)	(0.04)	0.53%	31.96
Sona Comstar eDrive Private Limited	0.02%	8.51	0.00%	0.21	0.00%	-	0.00%	0.21
Subsidiaries - Foreign								
Comstar Automotive USA LLC	1.58%	889.23	3.87%	232.36	49.15%	20.93	4.19%	253.29

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

	Net assets i.e. minus total		Share in prof	it and (loss)	Share in o comprehensiv		Share in t comprehensiv	
	As a % of consolidated net assets	Amount (INR million)	As a % of consolidated net profit	Amount (INR million)	As a % of consolidated other comprehensive income	Amount (INR million)	As a % of consolidated total comprehensive income	Amount (INR million)
Comstar Automotive Hongkong Limited	0.23%	127.79	2.00%	119.86	(2.21%)	(0.94)	1.97%	118.92
Comstar Automotive (Hangzhou) Co., Ltd.	0.10%	57.00	(0.44%)	(26.53)	4.32%	1.84	(0.41%)	(24.69)
Comestel Automotive Technologies Mexicana Ltd.	1.65%	929.89	5.70%	341.56	45.35%	19.31	5.98%	360.87
Comenergia Automotive Technologies Mexicana, S. DE R.L. DE C.V	(0.04%)	(22.97)	(0.25%)	(15.12)	5.33%	2.27	(0.21%)	(12.85)
Comestel Automotive Technologies Mexicana, S. DE R.L. DE C.V	0.28%	156.60	0.30%	18.01	(66.03%)	(28.12)	(0.17%)	(10.11)
Comstar Hong Kong Mexico No. 1, LLC	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-
Sona BLW Edrive Mexicana, S.A.P.I DE C.V.	0.63%	353.28	(1.18%)	(70.61)	(42.36%)	(18.04)	(1.47%)	(88.65)
Novelic d.o.o. Beograd	2.52%	1,423.84	0.12%	7.29	0.00%	-	0.12%	7.29
Novelic SRL	0.01%	5.29	0.07%	3.97	0.00%	-	0.07%	3.97
Novelic ESC DOOEL SKOPJE	0.00%	0.87	0.00%	0.21	0.00%	-	0.00%	0.21
Nirsen D.O.O	0.03%	15.60	(0.11%)	(6.37)	0.00%	-	(0.11%)	(6.37)
Novelic GMBH	0.00%	2.20	0.01%	0.46	0.00%		0.01%	0.46
Non-controlling interest	2.66%	1,499.48	0.04%	2.53	39.82%	16.96	0.32%	19.48
Consolidation adjustments	(5.48%)	(3,094.20)	(7.33%)	(439.83)	52.43%	22.33	(6.91%)	(417.49)
Total	100%	56,447.18	100%	5,996.88	100%	42.58	100%	6,039.46

(Figures in Million INR, except per share data, unless stated otherwise)

## 31<sup>st</sup> March 2024

		Share in prot	fit and (loss)	Share in other comprehensive income		Share in total comprehensive income	
As a % of consolidated net assets	Amount (INR million)	As a % of consolidated net profit	Amount (INR million)	As a % of consolidated other comprehensive income	Amount (INR million)	As a % of consolidated total comprehensive income	Amount (INR million)
91.93%	25,740.32	93.57%	4,844.80	(30.64%)	(8.55)	92.90%	4,836.25
0.40%	111.52	0.57%	29.53	(0.50%)	(0.14)	0.56%	29.39
0.03%	8.29	(0.11%)	(5.64)	0.00%		(0.11%)	(5.64)
2.99%	836.51	5.23%	270.77	37.72%	10.53	5.40%	281.30
0.03%	8.87	(0.12%)	(6.19)	(84.40%)	(23.56)	(0.57%)	(29.76)
	minus total As a % of consolidated net assets 91.93% 0.40% 0.03% 2.99%	Amount           consolidated         Amount           (INR million)         (INR million)           91.93%         25,740.32           0.40%         111.52           0.03%         8.29           2.99%         836.51	minus total liabilitiesShare in proficeAs a % of consolidated net assetsAmount (INR million)As a % of consolidated net profit91.93%25,740.3293.57%0.40%111.520.57%0.03%8.29(0.11%)2.99%836.515.23%	minus total liabilitiesShare in profit and (loss)As a % of consolidated net assetsAmount (INR million)As a % of consolidated net profitAmount (INR million)91.93%25,740.3293.57%4,844.800.40%111.520.57%29.530.03%8.29(0.11%)(5.64)2.99%836.515.23%270.77	minus total liabilitiesSnare in profit and (ioss)incomAs a % of consolidated net assetsAmount (INR million)As a % of consolidated net profitAmount (INR million)As a % of consolidated other comprehensive income91.93%25,740.3293.57%4,844.80(30.64%)0.40%111.520.57%29.53(0.50%)0.03%8.29(0.11%)(5.64)0.00%2.99%836.515.23%270.7737.72%	minus total liabilitiesShare in profit and (ioss)incomeAs a % of consolidated net assetsAmount consolidated net profitAmount (INR million)As a % of consolidated other comprehensive incomeAmount (INR million)91.93%25,740.3293.57%4,844.80(30.64%)(8.55)0.40%111.520.57%29.53(0.50%)(0.14)0.03%8.29(0.11%)(5.64)0.00%-2.99%836.515.23%270.7737.72%10.53	minus total liabilitiesShare in profit and (ioss)incomeincomeincomeAs a % of consolidated net assetsAmount (INR million)As a % of consolidated net profitAmount (INR million)As a % of consolidated other comprehensive incomeAs a % of consolidated total comprehensive income91.93%25,740.3293.57%4,844.80(30.64%)(8.55)92.90%0.40%111.520.57%29.53(0.50%)(0.14)0.56%0.03%8.29(0.11%)(5.64)0.00%-(0.11%)2.99%836.515.23%270.7737.72%10.535.40%

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# Notes

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(Figures in Million INR, except per share data, unless stated otherwise)

	Net assets i.e. minus total		Share in prof	ït and (loss)	Share in other co incom	•		tal comprehensive income	
	As a % of consolidated net assets	Amount (INR million)	As a % of consolidated net profit	Amount (INR million)	As a % of consolidated other comprehensive income	Amount (INR million)	As a % of consolidated total comprehensive income	Amount (INR million)	
Comestel Automotive Technologies Mexicana Ltd.	0.29%	81.69	(0.60%)	(30.85)	(30.81%)	(8.60)	(0.76%)	(39.45)	
Comstar Automotive (Hangzhou) Co., Ltd.	2.48%	694.39	5.22%	270.45	(38.64%)	(10.79)	4.99%	259.67	
Comenergia Automotive Technologies Mexicana, S. DE R.L. DE C.V	(0.04%)	(10.12)	0.04%	2.09	12.70%	3.55	0.11%	5.63	
Comestel Automotive Technologies Mexicana, S. DE R.L. DE C.V	0.60%	166.71	(0.00%)	(0.22)	(173.43%)	(48.42)	(0.93%)	(48.64)	
Comstar Hong Kong Mexico No. 1, LLC	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	
Sona BLW Edrive Mexicana, S.A.P.I DE C.V.	0.03%	9.55	(0.07%)	(3.71)	0.90%	0.25	(0.07%)	(3.46)	
Novelic d.o.o. Beograd	4.92%	1,377.87	0.59%	30.62	0.00%	-	0.59%	30.62	
Novelic SRL	0.01%	1.83	0.04%	2.12	0.00%	-	0.04%	2.12	
Novelic ESC DOOEL SKOPJE	0.00%	0.96	0.01%	0.45	0.00%	-	0.01%	0.45	
Nirsen D.O.O	0.08%	21.54	(0.09%)	(4.77)	0.00%	-	(0.09%)	(4.77)	
Non-controlling interest	5.35%	1,497.77	0.25%	13.08	18.68%	5.22	0.35%	18.29	
Consolidation adjustments	(9.09%)	(2,546.66)	(4.53%)	(234.75)	388.42%	108.44	(2.08%)	(108.03)	
Total	100%	28,001.05	100%	5,177.76	100%	27.92	100%	5,205.67	

## 43 LEASES

- i) The Group has entered into lease arrangements for land, building and plant and machinery that are renewable on a periodic basis with approval of both lessor and lessee.
- ii) The Group does not have any lease commitments towards variable rent as per the contract.
- iii) Each lease generally imposes a restriction that, unless there is a contractual right for the Group to sublet the asset to another party, the right-of-use asset can only be used by the Group. The Group is prohibited from selling or pledging the underlying leased assets as security. For leases over land and building the Group must keep those properties in a good state of repair and return the properties in their original condition, except for normal wear and tear, at the end of the lease. Further, the Group shall insure items owned by it and incur maintenance fees on such items in accordance with the lease contracts.
- iv) Lease liabilities are presented in the statement of financial position as follows:

Particulars	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Current	104.22	99.01
Non-current	1,783.52	1,691.73
	1,887.74	1,790.74

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(Figures in Million INR, except per share data, unless stated otherwise)

v) Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025			
Particulars	Lease payments	Finance charges	Net present values	
Minimum lease payments due				
Within 1 year	248.19	143.97	104.22	
1-5 years	1,113.45	530.11	583.34	
More than 5 years	1,655.13	454.95	1,200.18	
Total	3,016.77	1,129.03	1,887.74	

	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024			
Particulars	Lease payments	Finance charges	Net present values	
Minimum lease payments due				
Within 1 year	256.68	147.79	99.01	
1-5 years	939.63	536.08	402.40	
More than 5 years	1,855.51	566.18	1,289.34	
Total	3,051.82	1,250.04	1,790.74	

## vi) The following are amounts recognised in profit or loss:

Particulars	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Depreciation expense of right-of-use assets	194.43	102.56
Interest expense on lease liabilities	160.36	87.24
Rent expense (relating to Short-term leases on which lease liability is not recognised)	65.19	48.58
Total	419.98	238.37

#### vii) Total cash outflow pertaining to leases

Particulars	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Total cash outflow pertaining to leases during the year ended	274.69	148.26

The Group has elected not to recognise a lease liability for short-term leases (leases with an expected term of 12 months or less) and for leases of low value assets.

The Group determines the leases term as either the non-cancellable period of the lease and any additional periods when there is an enforceable option to extend the lease and it is reasonably certain that the Group will extend the term, or a lease period in which it is reasonably certain that the Group will not exercise a right to terminate. The lease term is reassessed if there is a significant change in circumstances.

## 44 REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS

#### (a) Disaggregation of revenue

The Group has performed a disaggregated analysis of revenues considering the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenues. This includes disclosure of revenues by geography and timing of recognition.

Revenue from operations	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Revenue by geography		
Domestic	13,142.90	11,797.43
Export	20,984.53	19,022.06
Total	34,127.43	30,819.49

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Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(Figures in Million INR, except per share data, unless stated otherwise)

Revenue from operations	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Timing of revenue recognition		
Revenue recognised at point in time	34,127.43	30,578.17
Revenue recognised over the period of time	-	241.32
Total	34,127.43	30,819.49

### (b) Liabilities related to contracts with customers\*

Particulars	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Opening balance	198.78	170.87
Income recognised from advance	(159.23)	(334.93)
Advance received from customers during the year	217.90	362.84
Advance from customers and contract liability (refer note 21)	257.45	198.78

### (c) Reconciliation of revenue recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss with Contract price

There are insignificant discounts offered by the Group to its customers for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025 INR 0.85 million (31<sup>st</sup> March 2024: INR 0.76 million)

### (d) Contract assets\*

Particulars	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Opening balance	33.40	44.61
Adjusted during the year	10.97	11.21
Closing balance (refer note 9)	22.43	33.40

\* Performance obligations pertaining to balance of contract assests and contract liabilities will get satisfied with in next 12 months.

## 45

## a) Share-based payments

Employee Stock Option Scheme Sona BLW Precision Forgings Limited- 2020 ('Sona BLW ESOP Plan-2020') was approved by the shareholders of the Sona BLW Precision Forgings Limited on 30<sup>th</sup> September 2020. The maximum number of Options granted under the Sona BLW ESOP Plan-2020 shall be 3,342,672 Options which shall upon exercise shall convert into maximum 3,342,672 Shares. The Sona BLW ESOP-2020 Plan entitles employees of the Group to excercise shares in the Group at the stipulated exercise price, subject to compliance with vesting conditions. A description of the share-based payment arrangement of the Group is given below:

Particulars	Sona BLW Precision Forging Limited Employee Stock Option Plan				
Exercise Price	INR 38.34				
Grant date	1 <sup>st</sup> October 2020				
Vesting schedule	1,087,740 options 12 months after the grant date ('First vesting')				
	1,087,740 options 24 months after the grant date ('Second vesting')				
	1,087,740 options 36 months after the grant date ('Third vesting')				
Exercise period	Stock options can be exercised within a period of 3 years from vesting date.				
Number of share options granted	32,63,220				
	The total pool of Options that can be granted under the ESOP Plan is 3,342,672 (Thirty three lakhs forty two thousand six hundred seventy two) Options out of which 3,263,220 (Thirty two lakhs sixty three thousand two hundred twenty) options were granted to the employees.				
Method of settlement	Equity				
	1. 5				

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(Figures in Million INR, except per share data, unless stated otherwise)

Stock options will be settled by issue of equity shares of the Company. As per the plan, holders of vested options are entitled to purchase one equity share for every option at an exercise price of INR 38.34 per option which against the fair market value of INR 79.17 per share determined on the date of grant, i.e. 1<sup>st</sup> October 2020.

The total amount to be expensed over the vesting period is determined by reference to the fair value of the options granted. The fair values of options granted were determined using Black-Scholes option pricing model that takes into account factors specific to the share incentive plans along with other external inputs. Expected volatility has been determined by reference to the average volatility for comparable companies for corresponding option term. Total Company share-based payment to employees amounting INR Nil for the year ended 31st March 2025 (INR 8.70 million for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2024) is recognised in the statement of profit and loss of the Companny pertaining to options issued to employees of the Company . The following principal assumptions were used in the valuation: Expected volatility was determined by comparison with peer companies, as the Company's shares were not publicly traded at that time. The expected option life and average expected period to exercise, is assumed to be equal to the contractual maturity of the option. Dividend yield is taken as 1.6% based on the the expected dividend payout by the management. The risk-free rate is the rate associated with a risk-free security with the same maturity as the option. At each balance sheet date, the Company reviewed its estimates of the number of options that are expected to vest. The Company recognises the impact of the revision to original estimates, if any, in the profit or loss in statement of comprehensive income, with a corresponding adjustment to 'retained earnings' in equity. The fair value of option using Black Scholes model and the inputs used for the valuation for options that have been granted during the reporting period are summarised as follows:

Particulars	First vesting	Second vesting	Third vesting
Grant date	1 <sup>st</sup> October 2020	1 <sup>st</sup> October 2020	1 <sup>st</sup> October 2020
Vesting date	1 <sup>st</sup> October 2021	1 <sup>st</sup> October 2022	1 <sup>st</sup> October 2023
Expiry date	1 <sup>st</sup> October 2024	1 <sup>st</sup> October 2025	1 <sup>st</sup> October 2026
Fair value of option at grant date using Black Scholes model	44.38	46.28	47.72
Exercise price	38.34	38.34	38.34
Expected volatility of returns	46.19%	46.63%	46.51%
Term to expiry	2.5 years	3.5 years	4.5 years
Expected dividend yield	1.60%	1.60%	1.60%
Risk free interest rate	4.64%	5.04%	5.23%

During the year ended 31 March 2021, the Board of Directors of the Company has approved the issuance of 11 (Eleven) bonus shares of face value INR 10 (Rupees Ten) each for every 1 (One) existing fully paid up equity share of face value INR 10 (Rupees Ten) each. Accordingly number of options has been increased to twelve times of original options and fair value and exercise price of options has been reduced to one twelfth from previous values.

The total outstanding and exercisable share options and weighted average exercise prices for the various categories of option holders during the reporting periods are as follows:

	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Options outstanding at the beginning of the period	62,488	11,30,548
Number of employees to whom options were granted	62	62
Options vested	-	10,56,900
Options exercised	24,704	10,43,196
Options forfeited/ lapsed/ cancelled	18,892	24,864
Option expired during the year	Nil	Nil
Options outstanding (Vested)	18,892	62,488
Options outstanding (Unvested)	-	-
Total number of Equity Shares that would arise as a result of full exercise of options granted (net of forfeited/ lapsed/ cancelled options) (only for vested options)	24,704	10,43,196
Money realised by exercise of options (in INR)	9,47,151	3,99,96,135
Options outstanding at the period end (Vested)	-	-
Options exercisable at the period end (Unvested)	18,892	62,488
Total number of options in force (excluding options not granted)	-	-

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Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025

(Figures in Million INR, except per share data, unless stated otherwise)

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		31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Weighted average remaining contractual life c	of outstanding options (in years)	1.50	2.50
Method used for accounting of share-based payment plans	The employee compensation cost has been of accounting for Options issued under the scompensation cost as per fair value method for for the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024 was INR 8.7	Sona BLW ESOP P the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup>	lan. The employee
Nature and extent of employee share-based payment plans that existed during the period including the general terms and conditions of each plan	Each Option entitles the holder thereof to apply of the Company upon payment of the exercise exercise period commences from the date of ve end of three years from grant date	e price during the e	xercise period. The
Employee wise details of options granted to			
(i) Key Managerial Personnel	Mr. Vivek Vikram Singh		
	Mr. Rohit Nanda		
	Mr. Ajay Pratap Singh		
	Mr. Vadapalli Vikram Verma		
	Mr. Sat Mohan Gupta		
	Share-based payment to Key Managerial Person is Nil (31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024 was INR 5.55 million)	nel for the year end	ed 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025
<ul> <li>(ii) Any other employee who received a grant in any one year of options amounting to 5% or more of the options granted during the year</li> </ul>	None		
<ul> <li>(iii) Identified employees who are granted options, during any one year equal to or exceeding 1% of the issued capital (excluding outstanding warrants and conversions) of our Company at the time of grant</li> </ul>	exceeding 1% of the issued capital (excluding ou	, ,	

### (b) Share-based payments

Employee Stock Option Scheme Sona BLW Precision Forgings Limited- 2023 ('Sona BLW ESOP Plan-2023') was approved by the shareholders of the Sona BLW Precision Forgings Limited on 19<sup>th</sup> July 2023. The maximum number of Options to be granted under the Sona BLW ESOP Plan-2023 shall be 7,610,402 Options which shall upon exercise shall convert into maximum 7,610,402 Shares. The Sona BLW ESOP Plan-2023 entitles employees of the Company to excercise shares in the Company at the stipulated exercise price, subject to compliance with vesting conditions. A description of the share-based payment arrangement of the Company is given below:

Particulars	Sona BLW Precision Forging Limited Employee Stock Option Plan -2023				
Grant date	25 <sup>th</sup> October 2023	15 <sup>th</sup> March 2024			
Exercise Price	INR 508.95	INR 641.60			
Vesting schedule	1,706,650 options	25,000 options	12 months after the grant date ('First vesting')		
	1,706,650 options	25,000 options	24 months after the grant date ('Second vesting')		
	1,706,650 options	25,000 options	36 months after the grant date ('Third vesting')		
	1,706,650 options	25,000 options	48 months after the grant date ('Fourth vesting')		
Number of share options granted	68,26,600	1,00,000			
Exercise period	Stock options can be exercised within a period of 3 years from vesting date.				
	The total pool of Options that can be granted under the ESOP Plan is 7,610,402 (Seven mi six hundred ten thousand four hundred two only) Options out of which 6,826,600 (Six million hundred twenty-six thousand six hundred only) options were granted to the employees.				
Method of settlement	Equity				

Stock options will be settled by issue of equity shares of the Company. As per the plan, holders of vested options are entitled to purchase one equity share for every option at an exercise price of INR 508.95/ INR 641.60 per option which against the fair market value of INR 508.95/INR 641.60 per share determined on the date of grant, i.e. 25<sup>th</sup> October 2023 and 15<sup>th</sup> March 2024 respectively.

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025

(Figures in Million INR, except per share data, unless stated otherwise)

The total amount to be expensed over the vesting period is determined by reference to the fair value of the options granted. The fair values of options granted were determined using Black-Scholes option pricing model that takes into account factors specific to the share incentive plans along with other external inputs. Expected volatility has been determined by reference to the average volatility for comparable companies for corresponding option term. Total Company share-based payment to employees amounting INR 275.97 million (excluding INR 18.42 million capitalised) for the year ended 31st March 2025 (31st March 2024 INR 138.31 million (excluding INR 11.57 million capitalised)) is recognised in the statement of profit and loss of the Companny pertaining to options issued to employees of the Company . The following principal assumptions were used in the valuation: Expected volatility was determined basis 50% weight to Sona BLW Precision Forgings Limited and a balance of 50% weight equally to the other comparable companies. The expected option life and average expected period to exercise, is assumed to be equal to the contractual maturity of the option. Dividend yield is taken as 0.55% and 0.48% based on the the expected dividend payout by the management. The risk-free rate is the rate associated with a risk-free security with the same maturity as the option. At each balance sheet date, the Company reviewed its estimates of the number of options that are expected to vest. The Company recognises the impact of the revision to original estimates, if any, in the profit or loss in statement of comprehensive income, with a corresponding adjustment to 'retained earnings' in equity. The fair value of option using Black Scholes model and the inputs used for the valuation for options that have been granted during the reporting period are summarised as follows:

Particulars	First vesting	Second vesting	Third vesting	Fourth vesting
Grant Date 25 <sup>th</sup> October 2023				
Vesting date	25 <sup>th</sup> October 2024	25 <sup>th</sup> October 2025	25 <sup>th</sup> October 2026	25 <sup>th</sup> October 2027
Expiry date	25 <sup>th</sup> October 2027	25 <sup>th</sup> October 2028	25 <sup>th</sup> October 2029	25 <sup>th</sup> October 2030
Fair value of option at grant date using Black Scholes model	82.10	132.40	169.70	199.40
Exercise price	508.95	508.95	508.95	508.95
Expected volatility of returns	29.95%	35.37%	37.33%	38.20%
Term to expiry (Years)	1.17	2.17	3.17	4.17
Expected dividend yield	0.55%	0.55%	0.55%	0.55%
Risk free interest rate	6.82%	6.94%	7.01%	7.05%
Particulars	First vesting	Second vesting	Third vesting	Fourth vesting
Grant Date 15 <sup>th</sup> March 2024				
Vesting date	15 <sup>th</sup> March 2025	5 15 <sup>th</sup> March 2026	15 <sup>th</sup> March 2027	15 <sup>th</sup> March 2028
Expiry date	15 <sup>th</sup> March 2028	3 15 <sup>th</sup> March 2029	15 <sup>th</sup> March 2030	15 <sup>th</sup> March 2031
Fair value of option at grant date using Black Scholes model	107.30	160.30	209.90	248.80
Exercise price	641.60	641.60	641.60	641.60
Expected volatility of returns	31.54%	33.56%	36.56%	37.87%
Term to expiry (Years)	1.17	2.17	3.17	4.17
Expected dividend yield	0.48%	0.48%	0.48%	0.48%
Risk free interest rate	6.66%	6.70%	6.73%	6.75%

The total outstanding and exercisable share options and weighted average exercise prices for the various categories of option holders during the reporting periods are as follows:

Particulars	31-03-2025	31-03-2024
Options outstanding at the beginning of the period	6,926,600	-
Number of employees to whom options were granted	91	91
Options vested	1,731,650	-
Options exercised	462,885	-
Options forfeited/ lapsed/ cancelled	-	-
Option expired during the year	-	-
Options outstanding (Vested)	1,268,765	-
Options outstanding (Unvested)	5,194,950	6,926,600
Total number of Equity Shares that would arise as a result of full exercise of options granted (net of forfeited/ lapsed/ cancelled options) (only for vested options)	1,731,650	-
Money realised by exercise of options (in INR)	235,585,321	-

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Particulars	31-03-2025	31-03-2024
	51-05-2025	
Options outstanding at the period end	5,194,950	-
Options exercisable at the period end	1,268,765	-
Total number of options in force (excluding options not granted)	6,463,715	6,926,600
Weighted average remaining contractual life of outstanding options (in years)	1.67	2.67

Method used for accounting of share-based payment plans	The employee compensation cost has been calculated using the fair value method of accounting for Options issued under the Sona BLW ESOP Plan. The employee compensation cost as per fair value method for the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025 is INR 275.97 million (excluding INR 18.42 million capitalised) ( 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024:INR 138.31 million (excluding INR 11.57 million capitalised)).
Nature and extent of employee share-based payment plans that existed during the period including the general terms and conditions of each plan	Each Option entitles the holder thereof to apply for and be allotted one Ordinary Shares of the Company upon payment of the exercise price during the exercise period. The exercise period commences from the date of vesting of the Options and expires at the end of three years from vesting date.
Employee wise details of options granted to	
(i) Key Managerial Personnel	Mr. Vivek Vikram Singh
	Mr. Rohit Nanda
	Mr. Ajay Pratap Singh
	Mr. Vadapalli Vikram Verma
	Mr. Sat Mohan Gupta
	Share-based payment to Key Managerial Personnel for the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025 is INR 181.05 million (31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024:INR 69.38 million)
<ul> <li>(ii) Any other employee who received a grant in any one year of options amounting to 5% or more of the options granted during the year</li> </ul>	None
(iii) Identified employees who are granted options, during any one year equal to or exceeding 1% of the issued capital (excluding outstanding warrants and conversions) of our Company at the time of grant	No options were granted to any identified employees during any one year equal to or exceeding 1% of the issued capital (excluding outstanding warrants and conversions) of our Company at the time of grant.

## 46 (A) INTANGIBLE ASSETS IMPAIRMENT TESTING

### Goodwill

As per note no. 5, the group had recognised an amount of INR 3,518.31 million as goodwill on account of acquisition of Novelic d.o.o. Beograd (INR 1,760.22 million), Comstar Automotive Hongkong Limited (INR 80.79 million), Comstar Automotive Technology Services Private Limited (INR 59.04 million), Comstar Automotive USA LLC (INR 36.02 million) in addition to goodwill recognised at standalone (INR 1,582.24 million). Annual test for impairment of goodwill was carried out as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025 and 31<sup>st</sup> March 2024, details of which are outlined below. The outcome of the test indicated that the value in use of business was higher than its carrying value in those CGU's (Cash generating unit). Accordingly, no impairment charge has been recognised in the standalone statement of profit and loss.

The recoverable amount of each CGU was determined based on value-in-use calculations using a discount rate ranging between 9.00%-25.00% reflecting current market assessments of the time value of money and risks specific to the business, covering a detailed five-year forecast and more considering the future economic benefits that will be derived by entity from the use of intangible assets, followed by an extrapolation of expected cash flows using a terminal growth rate of approximately 2%- 4% as determined by the management.

## Brand

On 1<sup>st</sup> August 2018, the Company acquired SONA Intellectual property rights (""Sona IP"") and all rights thereto from SONA Management Services Limited (""SMSL"") having indefinite useful lives, pursuant to which the group had recognised brand amounting to INR 687.40 million. This was due to the expectation of permanent use of acquired brand. The Company tests on an annual basis whether the brand is impaired based on the value-in-use concept of

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(Figures in Million INR, except per share data, unless stated otherwise)

the entity basis certain inputs outlined below. In March 2025 and March 2024, there was no impairment identified for the brand.

The recoverable amount of the entity was determined on the basis of value in use based on the present value of the expected future cash flows. This calculation uses cash flow projections based on the financial planning covering a five-year period in total. The management believes that any reasonable possible changes in the key assumptions would not cause the Brand's carrying amount to exceed its recoverable amount.

The recoverable amount of the brand was determined based on value-in-use calculations for the company using a discount rate ranging between 13%-14% reflecting current market assessments of the time value of money and risks specific to the business as at the respective dates, covering a detailed five-year forecast, followed by an extrapolation of expected cash flows using a terminal growth rate ranging between 4%-5% as determined by the management.

### Intangible assets under development

As per note no. 5, the Company had recognised an amount of INR 2,482.93 million (March 31<sup>st</sup> 2024: INR 2,237.19 million) as Intangible assets under development. Annual test for impairment of Intangible assets under development was carried out as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2024 and 31 March 2023, details of which are outlined below. The outcome of the test indicated that the value in use of business was higher than its carrying value in those CGU's (Cash generating unit). Accordingly, no impairment charge has been recognised in the standalone statement of profit and loss.

The recoverable amount of each CGU was determined based on value-in-use calculations using a discount rate ranging between 24.00%-26.00% reflecting current market assessments of the time value of money and risks specific to the business, covering a detailed five-year forecast and more considering the future economic benefits that will be derived by entity from the use of intangible assets, followed by an extrapolation of expected cash flows using a terminal growth rate of approximately 2%- 4% as determined by the management.

Further in accordance with IND AS 36 - "Impairment of Assets", the Company has carried out commercial feasibility assessment of intangibles under development ('IAUD') amounting to INR 627.11 million (March 31<sup>st</sup> 2024: INR 453.29 million) and has not identified any impairment which is required to be recorded in the financial statements.

### **Growth rates**

The growth rates used are in line with the growth rate of the industry and the countries in which the entities operates and are consistent with the internal/external sources of information.

### **Discount rates**

The discount rates take into the consideration market risk and specific risk factors of the entity. The cash flow projections are based on the forecasts made by the management.

### Terminal growth rate

The terminal growth rate is the constant rate at which an entity is expected to grow at the end of the last forecasted cash flow period in a discounted cash flow model and goes into perpetuity.

### Sensitivity

The management believes that any reasonable possible changes in the key assumptions would not cause the cash generating unit's carrying amount to exceed its recoverable amount.

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# Notes

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(Figures in Million INR, except per share data, unless stated otherwise)

**47** During the year, the Company raised funds through Qualified Institutional Placement (QIP) of 34,782,608 Equity Shares of the face value of INR 10 each at a premium of INR 680.00 per share aggregating to INR 24,000.00 million (INR 23,695.00 million net of issue expenses) for certain specific purposes as stated in the Placement Document. Out of the above QIP proceeds, INR 14,502.94 million has been utilised for the repayment of borrowings, purchase of fixed assets and general corporate purposes and the balance INR 9,192.06 million has been temporarily invested in approved financial instruments, pending utilisation as on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025. The equity shares issued as a result of QIP have been considered in calculating earnings per share (EPS) for the relevant periods.

## 48 HEDGE ACCOUNTING:

### (i) Disclosures of effects of hedge accounting on balance sheet:

	Notional amount	, , , , ,		Maturity Hedge dates ratio		Strike price range	Change in fair value	Change in value of
Type of hedge and risks	Assets	Liabilities				of hedging instruments	hedged item used as the basis for recognising hedge effectiveness	
As on 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025								
Foreign currency risk								
(i) Foreign exchange	11,421.20	15.38	-	April 2025 to	1:1	USD: 84.47 to 89.33	(20.49)	20.49
forward contracts				March 2026		EUR: 90.47 to 98.73		
As on 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024								
Foreign currency risk			;					
(i) Foreign exchange forward contracts	13,087.47	35.88	-	April 2024 to January 2026	1:1	USD: 83.04 to 84.86 EUR: 89.57 to 95.90	47.42	(47.42)

### (ii) Disclosures of effects of hedge accounting on statement of profit and loss:

Type of hedge	Change in value of hedging instrument recognised in other comprehensive income	Hedge ineffectiveness recognised	Amount reclassified from cash flow hedge reserve	Line item affected on reclassification
For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025				
Cash flow hedge				
Foreign currency risk				
(i) Foreign exchange forward contracts	45.87	(0.65)	(50.04)	Loss on foreign exchange
		-	77.27	Reclassify to revenue
For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024				
Cash flow hedge				
Foreign currency risk				
(i) Foreign exchange forward contracts	(23.60)	(0.78)	22.21	Gain on foreign exchange
		-	(56.77)	Reclassify to revenue

The Group's hedging policy only allows for effective hedge relationships to be established. Hedge effectiveness is determined at the inception of the hedge relationship, and through periodic prospective effectiveness assessment to ensure that an economic relationship exists between the hedged item and hedging instrument.

For forward contracts, hedge effectiveness is measured using hypothetical derivative method. Ineffectiveness is measured by comparing the change in the fair value of the actual derivative i.e. forward contracts designated as the hedging instrument and the change in the fair value of a hypothetical derivative representing the hedged item i.e. highly probable forecast sales. Hypothetical derivative matches the critical terms i.e. maturity date, currency and amount of highly probable forecast sales.

In hedges of foreign currency forcast sales, ineffectiveness mainly arises because of Change in timing of hedged item from that of the hedging instrument and cost of hedging. The ineffectiveness arised in the hedges have been disclosed in above table.

\* Refer note 7 and 17 for forward contract closing balance.

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(Figures in Million INR, except per share data, unless stated otherwise)

#### (iii) Movements in cash flow hedging reserve

Particulars	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2025	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Opening	21.57	12.78
Add: Changes in fair value of forward contracts	45.87	(23.60)
Less: Amount reclassified to profit or loss	(26.58)	35.35
Less: Deferred tax relating to above (net)	(4.85)	(2.96)
Closing	36.01	21.57

## **49 BUSINESS COMBINATIONS**

In the previous year, the Company had acquired 54% stake (representing 54% voting interest) of Novelic d.o.o., world's leading self-sustaining provider of mmWave radar sensors, perception solutions, and full stack embedded systems on 6<sup>th</sup> September 2023. With NOVELIC's capabilities in sensors and perception solutions, Sona Comstar intends to expand in the area of ADAS and intelligent vehicle technologies. Further amount of goodwill (as stated below) had been recognised on account of gaining business synergies resulting out of this acquisition.

The Company allocated purchase price in accordance with Ind AS 103 on business combinations. The fair value of net assets acquired was determined based on an appraisal of such net assets determined by an external expert on behalf of the management.

Particulars	Amount
Particulars	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024
Cash paid to Founders	2,109.62
Cash paid to Company	37.70
Payable to Founders (Present value)*	748.46
Payable to Company (Present value)*	610.59
Total purchase consideration	3,506.37
Cash and cash equivalents acquired	15.73
Net purchase consideration (A)	3,490.65
Net Assets acquired	1,283.26
Intangible assets	535.54
Intangible assets under development	1,740.50
Non-controlling interest	(1,487.46)
Deferred tax (net)	(341.41)
Net assets acquired (B)	1,730.43
Goodwill including assembled workforce(A-B)	1,760.22

### Notes:

- a) Customer relationships amounting to INR 187.44 million had been identified as a part of purchase price allocation. Further, deferred tax liability on customer relationship amounting to INR 28.12 million was also recognised and same will be amortised over 5 years.
- b) Intangible assets amounting to INR 348.10 million had been identified as a part of purchase price allocation. Further, deferred tax liability on customer relationship amounting to INR 52.21 million was also recognised and same will be amortised over 15 years.
- c) Intangible assets under development amounting to INR 1,740.50 million had been identified as a part of purchase price allocation.
- Net assets acquired includes Right-of-use assets (INR 225.88 million), Intangible assets under development (INR 397.96 million) and Lease liabilities (INR 231.59 million).
- e) Amount of non-controlling interest had been derived through fair valuation of net assets acquired by the entity which was based on an appraisal of such net assets determined by an external expert on behalf of the management.

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## **Notes**

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(Figures in Million INR, except per share data, unless stated otherwise)

The results of subsidiary, after elimination of inter company transactions and balances, as included in the consolidated statement of profit and loss for the period 6<sup>th</sup> September 2023 to 31 March 2024 are given below:

Total Revenue	484.31
Total Expenses	467.26
Profit before tax	17.05
Tax	(11.38)
Profit after tax	28.43
Total comprehensive income	39.77

Had the above acquisitions occurred on 1<sup>st</sup> April 2023, management estimates that consolidated revenue would have been INR 32,170.71 million, the consolidated profits for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2024 would not have been significantly different from the actuals reported.

\*Second tranche of 20% paid in September 2024 and the third tranche of remaining 20% is payable in September 2025, as per the Share purchase agreement and shareholder agreement.

## **50 EXCEPTIONAL ITEM**

(a) The Company has signed a Business Transfer Agreement (BTA) dated 23<sup>rd</sup> October 2024 with Escorts Kubota Limited (EKL) to acquire its Railway Equipment Division (RED) which is a leading supplier of critical components like brakes and suspension systems to Indian Railways, as a going concern on slump sale basis, for a consideration of INR 16,000.00 million, subject to the terms of the said agreement. On 10<sup>th</sup> February 2025 the agreement was amended, amongst others, to revise the timeline for transfer of certain business related registrations and conditions related therewith in order to bring forward the expected date of completion of sale/transfer of RED Business from end of September, 2025 to 1<sup>st</sup> May 2025 or such other date as mutually agreed by the Parties. Parties have subsequently mutually agreed to extend the closing date to 1<sup>st</sup> June 2025 or such other date as mutually agreed by the Parties. Since all the conditions necessary for closing the transaction have not been met, no effect has been given in the financial statements with respect to this business acquisition.

The exceptional item is related to costs incurred in relation to various acquisition opportunities.

(b) During the previous year, the Company had completed the acquisition of 54% voting rights in Novelic d.o.o. on 6<sup>th</sup> September 2023, through acquisition of 51% voting rights from the existing shareholders and 3% voting rights as a result of capital infusion in Novelic d.o.o., as per the Share purchase agreement and shareholder agreement. The exceptional item is related to diligence work and other expenses incurred on for the said acquisition.

## **51 OTHER STATUTORY INFORMATION**

- (i) The Group do not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Group for holding any Benami property.
- (ii) The Group do not have any transactions with struck off companies during the current and previous year.
- (iii) The Group do not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.
- (iv) The Group have not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.
- (v) The Group have not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
  - (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Group (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
  - (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (vi) The Group have not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Group shall:
  - (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
  - (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(Figures in Million INR, except per share data, unless stated otherwise)

(vii) The Group have not any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961.

## 52 RECONCILIATION OF QUARTERLY BANK RETURN

		1	FY 2024-25	F	FY 2023-24	
Quarter	Particulars	Amount as per books of account	Amount as reported in the quarterly return/ statement	Amount as per books of account	Amount as reported in the quarterly return/ statement	
Quarter 1	Trade Receivable	5,775.14	5,775.14	5,514.54	5,514.54	
Quarter 1	Inventory	3,208.61	3,208.61	2,750.30	2,750.30	
Quarter 1	Trade Payables	2,915.39	2,915.39	2,278.21	2,278.21	
Quarter 2	Trade Receivable	6,131.29	6,131.29	6,177.09	6,177.09	
Quarter 2	Inventory	3,124.35	3,124.35	2,954.49	2,954.49	
Quarter 2	Trade Payables	3,151.24	3,151.24	2,736.04	2,736.04	
Quarter 3	Trade Receivable	6,400.04	6,400.04	5,308.07	5,308.07	
Quarter 3	Inventory	3,199.14	3,199.14	3,137.84	3,137.84	
Quarter 3	Trade Payables	2,692.76	2,692.76	2,340.23	2,340.23	
Quarter 4	Trade Receivable	6,281.64	6,281.64	5,821.37	5,821.37	
Quarter 4	Inventory	3,076.51	3,076.51	3,115.91	3,115.91	
Quarter 4	Trade Payables	2,934.72	2,934.72	2,693.79	2,693.80	

#### Notes:-

i) HDFC,SBI, CITI and Yes Banks are represented as Working capital lenders.

 $^{\ast}$  Above information is given as per the norms of working capital lenders.

53 Previous Previous year's figures has been regrouped and/or reclassed wherever necessary to confirm to the current year's groupings and classifications. The impact of such reclassification/regrouping is not material to the financial statements.

### 54 Authorisation of Consolidated financial statements

The Consolidated financial Statements for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025 were approved by the Board of Directors on 30<sup>th</sup> April 2025.

This is the summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information form an integral part of these Consolidated financial statements.

For **Walker Chandiok & Co LLP** Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

**Arun Tandon** Partner Membership No.: 517273 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Sona Blw Precision Forgings Limited

**Sunjay Kapur** Non-Executive Chairman DIN: 00145529

**Rohit Nanda** Group Chief Financial Officer Vivek Vikram Singh Managing Director and Group Chief Executive Officer DIN: 07698495

**Ajay Pratap Singh** Company Secretary Membership No.: FCS 5253

Place: New Delhi Date: 30<sup>th</sup> April 2025 Place: Gurugram Date: 30<sup>th</sup> April 2025 Form AOC-1

Part A

Pursuant to the first proviso of sub-section (3) of Section 129 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 Statement containing the f Cubeidia 4 vial state 19.9 1.1 -

Novelic GmbH	31 <sup>st</sup> Mar,2025	AN	EUR	117.2106 RSD =1EUR INR 0.7875=1 RSD	2.31	90.0
(INK IN WILLOT) Nirsen d.o.o. Beograd- Novelic GmbH Zvezdara	31 <sup>st</sup> Mar, 2025	06.09.2023	RSD	1.8963 INR RSD=1MKD 0.7875=1 RSD INR (875=1 RSD	0.01	16.12
Novelic Esc Dooel Skopje	31 <sup>st</sup> Mar, 2025	06.09.2023	MKD	1.8963 RSD=1MKD INR 0.7875=1 RSD	0.46	0.41
Novelic SRL	31 <sup>st</sup> Mar,2025	06.09.2023	RON	23.541 RSD=1RON INR 0.7875=1 RSD	0.01	5.28
Novelic d.o.o Beograd	31 <sup>st</sup> Mar, 2025	06.09.2023	RSD	INR 0.7875=1 RSD	696	454
SONA Sona SONA Sona Comstar BLW Edrive e-Drive Mexicana, Private Limited S.A.P.I. De C.V.	31 <sup>st</sup> Mar, 2025	NA	MXM	1 MXN - INR 4.19837	438.42	(85.14)
SONA Comstar e-Drive Private Limited	31 <sup>st</sup> Mar,2025	N	INR	Ν	15.00	(6.71)
Comestel Automotive Technologies Mexicana, S. DE R.L. DE C.V.	31 <sup>st</sup> Mar,2025	05.07.2019	NXW	1 MXN - INR 4.19837	114.79	41.81
Comenergia Automotive Technologies Mexicana, S. DE R.L. DE C.V	31 <sup>st</sup> Mar,2025	05.07.2019	MXM	1 MXN - INR 4.19837	0.07	(23.05)
r Comstar Phong Kong Mexico No.	t 31 <sup>st</sup> 5 Mar,2025	05.07.2019	nsD	1 USD - 2 INR 85.475		
I Comstar Automotive Hangzhou) I Co., Ltd	t 31 <sup>st</sup> 5 Mar, 2025	05.07.2019	RMB	- 1 RMB - INR 11.7525	156.83	(99.83)
Comstar Comestel tomotive Automotive Hong Technologies Kong Ltd Mexicana Ltd	1 <sup>st</sup> 5 Mar,2025	05.07.2019 05.07.2019 05.07.2019 05.07.2019 05.07.2019	nsD	1 USD - 1 USD - 1 USD - 1NR 85.475 INR 85.475	0.01	4 929.89
Autor Ko	t 31 <sup>st</sup> Mar,2025	05.07.2019	USD	1 USD -	121.00	5.34
Comstar Automotive USA LLC	31 <sup>st</sup> Mar,2025	05.07.2019	USD	1 USD - INR 85.475	13.68	875.64
Comstar Automotive Technology Services Private Limited	31 <sup>st</sup> Mar, 2025	05.07.2019	INR	Υ Z	1.30	142.13
Name of the subsidiary	Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding company's reporting period	Date since when subsidiary was acquired	Reporting currency in Host Country	Exchange rate as on the last date of the relevant Financial year in the case of foreign subsidiaries	Share capital	Reserves & surplus

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19.85 17.60

23.73

2.60

33.90 28.61

1,701

563.17

8.41

211.35 54.75

129.49 152.46

456.18 399.18

1,223.65 293.76 114.79

265.64 139.30

1,101.67 212.35 407.88

150.27 6.84 92.75 53.35

Total assets

Total liabilities Investments

277 38

209.91

0.12 7.08

7.61

1.73

\_\_\_\_\_

0.18

(6.47)

(0.12)

3.93

7

(70.61)

0.29

24.03

(15.12)

(26.72)

341.56

119.87

312.21

43.49

Profit/ (Loss) efore taxation

492.45

147.26

1,467.07

2,077.76

Turnover (incl. forex gain/loss)

1

156.91

64.30

88.32

19.85

53.90

776

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Form AOC-1

Part A

Pursuant to the first proviso of sub-section (3) of Section 129 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 Statement containing the salient features of financial statements of Subsidiaries (INR in Million)

Name of the subsidiary	Comstar Automotive Technology Services Private Limited	Comstar Automotive USA LLC	Comstar Comestel Automotive Automotive Hong Technologies Kong Ltd Mexicana Ltd	Comstar Comestel tromotive Automotive Hong Technologies Kong Ltd Mexicana Ltd	Comstar Automotive (Hangzhou) Co., Ltd	Comstar Hong Kong Mexico No. 1, LLC	Comenergia Automotive Technologies Mexicana, S. DE R.L. DE C.V	Comenergia Comestel Automotive Automotive Technologies Technologies Mexicana, S. Mexicana, S. Pri DE R.L. DE C.V. DE R.L. DE C.V. Pri	SONA Sona SONA Sona Comsta BLW Edrive e-Drive Mexicana, Private Limited S.A.P.I. De C.V.	Sona BLW Edrive Mexicana, S.A.P.I. De C.V.	Novelic d.o.o Beograd	Novelic SRL	Novelic Esc Dooel Skopje	Nirsen d.o.o. Beograd- Zvezdara	Novelic GmbH
Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding company's reporting period	31 <sup>st</sup> Mar, 2025	31 <sup>st</sup> Mar,2025	31 <sup>st</sup> Mar,2025	31 <sup>st</sup> Mar,2025	31 <sup>st</sup> Mar, 2025	31 <sup>st</sup> Mar,2025	31 <sup>st</sup> Mar,2025	31ª Mar,2025 31ª Mar,2025 31ª Mar,2025 31ª Mar,2025	31ª <sup>4</sup> Mar,2025	31 <sup>st</sup> Mar, 2025	31 <sup>st</sup> Mar, 2025	31 <sup>st</sup> Mar,2025	31 <sup>st</sup> Mar, 2025	31 <sup>st</sup> Mar, 2025	31 <sup>st</sup> Mar,2025
Provision for taxation	11.49	79.85		1	(0.19)		(0.00)	6.02	0.07			(0.58)	0.01		
Profit/ (Loss) after taxation	32.00	232.36	119.87	341.56	(26.53)	I	(15.12)	18.01	0.21	(70.61)	7	3.35	(0.10)	(6.47)	0.18
Proposed Dividend											ľ		,		-
% of shareholding	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	%66	%66	100%	100%	54%	54%	54%	54%	54%
Notes:															

Notes:

1. Names of subsidiaries which are yet to commence operations: None

2. 2. Names of subsidiaries which have been liquidated or sold during the year: None

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of SONA BLW PRECISION FORGINGS LIMITED

> Managing Director and Group Chief Executive Officer Vivek Vikram Singh DIN: 07698495 Non-Executive Chairman DIN: 00145529 Sunjay Kapur

**Company Secretary Ajay Pratap Singh** M.No. - FCS-5253

Group Chief Financial Officer

**Rohit Nanda** 

Place: Gurugram Date: 30<sup>th</sup> April, 2025

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# FORM NO. AOC-1

Part B- Associates and Joint Ventures

#### Statement pursuant to Section 129 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 related to Associate Companies and Joint Ventures

S. No.	Name of Associates or Joint Ventures	Clean Max Calypso Private Limited	Clean Max Nova Private Limited
1	Latest audited Balance Sheet Date	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2025	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2025
2	Date on which the Associate or Joint Venture was associated or acquired	25 <sup>th</sup> January, 2024	27 <sup>th</sup> May, 2024
3	Shares of Associate or Joint Ventures held by the company on the year end	26%	26%
	No.	42,716 Equity Shares	17,805 Equity Shares
	Amount of Investment in Associates or Joint Venture	INR 54.94 million	INR 14.00 million
	Extent of Holding (in percentage)	26%	26%
4	Description of how there is significant influence	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
5	Reason why the associate/Joint venture Is not consolidated	The Company does not exercise significant influence or control over the decisions of the Associate. Hence, it is not consolidated in terms of the applicable IND AS.	The Company does not exercise significant influence or control over the decisions of the Associate. Hence, it is not consolidated in terms of the applicable IND AS.
6	Net worth attributable to shareholding as per latest audited Balance Sheet	INR 53.86 million	INR 13.91 million
	Profit or (Loss) for the year	_	
i	Considered in Consolidation	N.A	N.A
ii.	Not Considered in Consolidation	(INR 0.92 million)	(INR 0.05 million)

1. Names of associates or joint ventures which are yet to commence operations-None

2. Names of associates or joint ventures which have been liquidated or sold during the year-None

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of **SONA BLW PRECISION FORGINGS LIMITED** 

### Sunjay Kapur

DIN: 00145529

#### **Vivek Vikram Singh**

Managing Director and Group Chief Executive Officer DIN: 07698495

### Rohit Nanda

Group Chief Financial Officer

Non-Executive Chairman

### Ajay Pratap Singh

Company Secretary M.No. - FCS-5253

> Place: Gurugram Date: 30<sup>th</sup> April, 2025